Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

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Established in 1869.} vernment, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN Terms: $1.50 per Year

THE READING COMBINE.

PETITIONS IN ITS FAVOR POURING IN.

Governor Pattison's Mail Loaded Down With the Documents—Hensel Will use the Leases.

HARRISBURG, March 8.—This morning's mail of Governor Pattison contained 1,200 petitions signed by 70,000 people in the anthracite coal regions and other points traversed by the Philadelphia and Reading and Lehigh Valley railroad, in the interests of the consolidation of the lines leased and an early settlement of the question raised before the Attorney General by complaint of A. J. Cassatt and others.

The governor says is of the utmost importance there should be a speedy solution of the matter, and has so informed his Attorney General,

THE LEASES TO BE FILED.

There will be filed, in connection with the bill in equity being prepared by Attorney General Hensel in the Philadelphia and Reading railroad cases, the leases by which that corporation came into control of the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central railroads.

Counsel for several railroad companies at the recent hearing asked that no one be permitted to see them but the Attorney General.

AN AWFUL FATE.

A Man Frozen to Death and Eaten By Coyotes.

AUSTIN, NEV., March 7.—Word has just been received of the fate of a young German rancher named Leopold Bauman, who left Santa Rosa, Cal., in December last for his ranch, forty-five miles from Austin. He arrived at Cortez, Nev., January 11, left for home on horseback, distant thirty-five miles. At that time fully thirty inches of snow covered the ground and the mercury had reached a very low point. A few days ago a brother of the deceased had occasion to go to Cortez from his ranch, and when three miles of the journey was reached he found his saddle and blankets together with his overcoat. On reaching Cortez he found his brother had left there on above-named date, but never reached home. A searching party returned to the scene and found the clothes and articles, which were identified by his brother, and two human hip joints. The supposition is that the horse became fatigued, whereupon Bauman unsaddled him to walk the rest of the journey, being but three miles, but under the piercing cold gave up and was frozen to death. The body was eaten by coyotes.

To Break the Conspiracy.

Attorney-General Hensel has patiently given "hearing" to the attorneys of the coal conspiracy. He has examined the documents that hold the conspirators together in their league to despoil the people and has satisfied himself that their combination is in flagrant violation of article 17 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania. He now proposes to bring the matter before the courts by a bill in equity, praying for an injunction to restrain the whole proceeding.

This is the orderly and proper course. If it is vigorously pressed, as there is no reason to doubt that it will be, it ought to prove effective.

There is no room for question that the combination is illegal. The authorities cited in the sugar trust case and the decision of our New York Court of Appeals in that matter make it perfectly plain that "any combination to raise the price of merchandise" is illegal, and that the doing of any illegal or unauthorized act by a corporation is a just and legal cause of the corporation's franchise.

This combination is not only illegal at common law and by statute; it is in direct violation of a specific constutional prohibition. It is, as *The World* has shown, hostile to the public interest and intended to work loss and detriment to the people.

There is law enough to break it up. It only remains to enforce the law with determination.

ONE of the most interesting bulletins yet sent out by the Census Bureau is that giving the population of places having 1,000 inhabitants or more. The bulletin shows that there are 3,715 places in the United States which have a population of 1,000 or more. Seven cities have 400,000 and over, 21 cities have between 100,000 and 400,000; 30 cities have between 50,000 and 100,000. The total urban population is placed at 26,109,074, or little less than 42 per cent of the total population of the United States. This is something which seriously attracts the attention of the political and social philosopher. The cities contain nearly half our population. Here the foreign element largely predominantes and the close mass brought under the control of political bosses. Such being the case, the question of naturalization and immigrations is one of the biggest and most important that Congress can consider.

CLEVELAND AND HARRISON.

The Preferences of Editors in Maryland and the Virginias.

BALTIMORE, MD., March 7.—A daily paper publishes the presidential preferences of ninety-six editors of Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia.

The Maryland Democrats were divided as follows: Cleveland, 15, Gorman 8; Hill, 1. The Virginia Democrats. Cleveland, 17 Hill, 8; Boies, 1. West Virginia Democrats: Cleveland, 4, Hill, 2, Gorman, 1, Boies, 1. The total for Cleveland in the three states was 36, against 25 for all other candidates.

Of 72 expressions of opinion on the issue all but nine editors replied that the tariff would be the conspicuous feature of the campaign, and of 70 specific expressions of opinion regarding popular sentiment among Democrats in the communities heard from 56 replied that Cleveland was the choice of the people.

The preferences were mainly for Harrison, and about half and half between Blaine and Harrison as regards popoularity. One editor wants the purification of politics to be the single issue of the campaign.

A Shooting Bee in Tennessee.

Special to the NEWS.

Memphis, Tenn., March 9

Early this morning a mob of seventy-five white men entered the Shelby county, Kentucky, jail and took therefrom three negroes, who where imprisoned on Saturday night for being the ringleaders of a mob which shot four deputies. At day break this morning the bodies of the three colored men were found about a quarter of a mile from the jail each one riddled with bullets. For the shooting of the deputies on Saturday night twenty-seven had been arrested while out of the gang these three had been selected as the ringleaders. The shooting has created considerable excitement among the colored people and another outbreak is feared.

An Unknown Steamer Sunk.

Special to the NEWS.

New York, March 9.

Considerable excitement was created here this morning by the arrival of the Old Dominion steamer Roanoke in a badly damaged condition, and bringing the report that she had run into and sunk an unknown steamer at sea. There seems to be not even the least clew as to the identity of the sunken vessel.

GOULD IN MEXICO.

SPECIAL to the NEWS

LAREDO TEX., Mar. 8.

Mr. Jay Gould departed this morning for Monterrey, Mexico. Just prior to his departure he told an associated press correspondent that he felt much better now, being almost entirely recovered from his recent cold,

FAVOR ARBITRATION

Special to the NEWS

London, Mar., 8.

Petitions signed by 1,250,000 members of industrial organizations, as well as thousands of others, favoring arbitration of the dispute between Great Britian and the United States will be presented to parliament soon.

AFTER THE CIGARETTE FIENDS

NEW YORK, March 7.—A petition is now being widely circulated in this city, urging the passage of the bill introduced in the House of Representatives and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, whereby on all paper-wrapped cigarettes there shall be assessed and collected an internal revenue tax of $10 per 1,000.

This petition, it is said, is being circulated by several well-known cigar dealers. On the back of the petition is a printed list of the victims who have died from cigarettesmoking during the past year and also a list of those who have become insane through excessive smoking of the weed. It is expected that the passage of this bill by Congress will do much toward decreasing the cigarette habit.

Public Sale.

On Saturday March 19th, William Holderman, of Linden Hall, will sell at Public Sale horses, cattle, hogs, sheep and all kinds of farm implements and tools.

GREENLAND IS THE MAN.

HE GETS THE APPOINTMENT OF ADJUTANT GENERAL.

Governor Pattison Fills the Vacancy Existing Since the Death of the Late General McClelland.

HARRISBURG, March 8.—Governor Pattison this afternoon appointed Colonel Walter W. Greenland, of Clarion, as Adjutant General, to succeed the late William McClelland, and O. E. McClelland, superintendent of the middle division, Pennsylvania railroad, as Quarter-master General on the Governor's staff, to fill the vacancy created by the appointment of Colonel Greenland.

Colonel Greenland was among the first to respond to the call for aid during the terrible calamity at Johnstown in 1889 and remained there six weeks rendering valuable aid to Adjutant General Hastings.

High School Rhetoricals.

Following we print the programe of the rerary exercises given at the High school Monday afternoon;

Essay—Use of Education, Mary Schoff Essay—Discovery of America, Gray Hastings; declamation, Morris Kelley; Essay—Shetland Pony, George Runkle; declamation, Herbert Houck; Essay—The Barometer, Lydia Gregg; Essay—Education, Louise Crissman; declamation, Daniel Gallagher; Essay—glass, Paul Shaffer, Essay—Daniel Webster, May Goodfellow; declamation Roy McCalmont; Essay—Gra, Albertha Noll; recitation, May Underwood; recitation, Lula Hoy; recitation, Kate Heylmun; recitation, Lizzie Smith; recitation, Mollie Crotty; Essay—Umbrella, Carrie Robb; recitation, Maggie Everhart; Essay—Madstone, Gussie Stover: declamation, Thomas McClain; Essay—The Tribe, Frank Houck; declamation, Wood ring; declamation, Edward Hall; recitation, Grace Luckenbach; recitation, Ruth Tripple. recitation, Bella Hoover; recitation, Alice Wise; Here follow a few remarks by D. F. Fortney Esq., then the afternoon's exercises were closed with an essay on the Resources of the United States, by Harris Heylmun.

Evangelical Appointments.

Following are the appointments of the Evangelical church for the Centre District, which were made at Williamsport on Monday:

J. Hartzler, presiding elder.
Lewistown—W.B. Cox.
Patterson—W. N. Wallis.
McClure—P. C.Weidemeyer.
Middleburg—J. D. Stover and I. Spangler.
Port Trevertown—S. Smith.
New Berlin—J. G. M. Swengel.
Millmont—D. L. Kepner.
Centre—C. F. Finkbinder.
Spring Mills—J. H. Hentz.
Brush Valley—S. Aurand.
Sugar Valley—J. J. Lohr and H. W. Bender.
Nittany Valley—P. F. Jarrett.
Centre Hall—S. E. Davis.
Bellefonte—E. W. Koontz.
Professor A. E. Gobble, member of New Berlin quarterly conference.
H. B. Barshininger, member of Nittany Valley quarterly conference.

What Caused It.

A gentleman living on Cass avenue commenting on the habits and peculiarities of the sparrows, says the Detroit *Press*, and giving an object lesson to his family, taking for illustration a tree outside of his library window, where a community of them were perched.

He used large words and classic language and his hearers were all much impressed with his superior knowledge. Then a member of the family asked him why it was that the sparrows became so black in winter.

"I—ah—presume it's a change of feathers from some natural causes—a darkening of the plumage consistent with the exigencies of the season."

"Oh, come off, pa," piped a shrill voice from the floor, where a small boy was sprawling with his chin in his hand; "they get black in winter 'cause they go into the chimneys and stay there all night—that's why."

Killed on the Beech Creek.

On Monday afternoon George Able employed on train 14 on the Beech Creek road, while engaged in making a coupling at Mitchell's station, was caught between the bumpers of two cars and crushed. He lived in an unconscious state for about half hour after the accident. He was a young man, unmarried, careful and industrious. His home was in Maryland, not far from Baltimore. His remains were brought to town on the local at 7 o'clock Monday evening, and prepared for burial by Undertaker Leavy, in whose possession they still remain awaiting a telegram from his friends as to the disposition of the body.

THE OPENING SESSIONS.

OF THE CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA CONFERENCE AT YORK.

The Committees Were Appointed and a Programme of Work Mapped Out—The Reports of the Presiding Elders Were Read.

YORK, March 9.—The Central Pennsylvania conference assembled for its twenty-fourth annual session in the Beaver Street Methodist Episcopal church in this city at 6 o'clock this morning with Bishop E. G. Andrews, D. D., in the chair. Bishop Thomas Bowman also occupied a seat on the platform. Hymn 797, "Blest be the Tie That Binds," etc., was sung when Bishop Andrews read Scripture lessons from John vi: 39-46, Hebrews ix, Romans xii and first epistle general of John. Hymn 393, "Just as I Am Without One Plea," was sung, after which the sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered by Bishop Bowman, assisted by Revs. B. B. Hamlin, D. D., M. K. Foster, H. C. Pardoe, D. S. Monroe, D. D., B. C. Conner and J. Max. Lantz.

David S. Monroe called the roll and 180 ministers answered to their names. On motion David S. Monroe was elected secretary, who chose as his assistants Revs. W. W. Evans, T. S. Wilcox, W. A. Carver and Jos. Anderson. Revs. Hartzell, Brenneman and Hicks were elected statistical secretaries. Rev. M. P. Croswaite was elected conference treasurer, who chose as his assistants Revs. John Horning, M. C. Piper and Owen Hicks.

The hour for opening and adjournment was fixed at 8.30 and 11.45, the first half hour to be devoted to devotional exercises to be in charge of Rev. Dr. Keen.

Then followed the appointment of the various committees.

A committee, consisting of one member from each district, was appointed on the Epworth league, as follows: Altoona, J. W. Ely; Danville, S. Boon; Harrisburg, W. A. Carver. Juniata, J. A. Mattern: Williamsport, N. H. Schenck.

The bishop announced that $9,055 was apportioned to this conference for distribution. Bishop Andrews then introduced to the conference Bishop Bowman, Dr. S. Keen and S. Hunt. Greetings from Rev. H. Torrence, who is unable to be present, were read.

Dr. Hunt was given the privilege of addressing the conference and said, among other things, that the church had fallen behind in the amount apportioned for Episcopal support—$20,000. He urged also an increase in the contributions to the mission. ry cause. Of the profits of the Book Con rn $120,000 have been distributed. The les the past year amounted to $1,000,000 d the profits are about twelve per cent. f these profits the Central Pennsylvania nference will receive $2,000. He said the ntral Pennsylvania conference paid to e Book Concern more than any other nference in the United States.

The twentieth question was taken up, e character of Rev. B. B. Hamlin D. D. ssed and he read his report. The mem rs of his district reported their mission- y collections

The following message was sent from the ntral Pennsylvania conference in session Philadelphia, March 9, 1892.

Greeting: The Central Pennsylvania con rence will ask the general conference at maha, Nebraska, in May to put Curtain eights and Epworth chapel in its territory.

Rev. John Donahue read a report of his strict. It gave a very hopeful account the fidelity of the pastors in pushing the terests of the work entrusted to their re. Several new churches were built, any repaired, some new parsonages erected, good revivals and generous contributons to the various benevolences render e work of the past year one great success the Danville district.

Conference adjourned with the benediction by Bishop Bowman.

The Freedmen's Aid anniversary was ld at 7.30 when Revs. William Moses d G. W. Gray, D. D., made addresses.

Obituary—Alexander Miller.

Alexander Miller was born in Centre unty, Pa., near Bald Eagle Furnace, g., 24, 1820, and died at his home in e Woomer Settlement, Bald Eagle Valy, March 5, 1892, in the 72nd year of his e. For many years preceding his death was in a feeble condition, being afflicted th consumption, and while not suffering ute pain grew weaker daily until "the ver cord was loosed, the golden bowl oken."

The deceased was twice married: May 7, 46, to Isabella Eckles who died Jan. 17, 48; and March 8, 1851, to Elizabeth ider who preceded him to the better rld Aug. 27, 1876. Prior to 1879 he lived or near, Tyrone. At that time he went Sandy Ridge remaining until 1884 when he went to the Woomer Settlement. One daughter and four sons are left to mourn the loss of a kind father, Miss Belle, Henry K., Wm. L., Thos. H., of Bald Eagle; and Alex., of Sandy Ridge.

Funeral services were held at his home Sunday, March 6 at 10 a. m. after which the remains were interred in the Woomer private burying ground.

Three Long Years.

It is now three long years since Policeman Paul, of Renovo, was shot and killed while in the discharge of his duty. The sad tragedy occurred on the night of March 12th, three years ago. The shooting of the officer, who was a man of many good qualities, always courteous, whether while on duty or at other times, sent a thrill of horror throngh the people not only of Renovo, but of the entire country. Three years have now rolled around and the accused murderer of Paul, Charles Cleary, is still in the jail here, where he was lodged the second day afrer the wonton murder occurred. Cleary was tried and found guilty of murder in the first degree. He secured a second trial, and a like verdict was given. The case was argued for a new trial, which was refused, and again was the Supreme Court appealed to. And at present there it rests, the upper court not yet having handed down its decision. Three years ago the deed was done. We offer no comments, nor have we aught but pity for Cleary or any other unfortnate. This item is suggested by this being the third anniversary of the dark deed. May it be many, many times three years before another like kind shall blot the pages of Clinton county's history.

Charged With a Terrible Crime.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., March 10.—Yesterday Wilber Strait, a well-known farmer of Juniata township, and wife came to this place to do their week's marketing. They left at home their little 8-year-old daughter Ruth, in company with Elmer P. Corbin, a recently discharged inmate of the Huntingdon reformatory, who was sent here from Philadelphia, and on his release from the reformatory engaged by Mr. Strait as a farm hand. On their return home Mr. and Mrs. Strait were horrified to find their little daughter lying unconscious on the kitchen floor, her face and body shockingly bruised and lacerated and her clothing tattered and torn. The shreds of clothing were saturated with blood. The little child, under careful treatment, revived and informed her parents of the author of her injuries. Corbin had fled, but was captured this morning and placed in jail without bail. On their road here Mr. Strait made several unsuccessful attempts t shoot Corbin, but was prevented by the officers. The prisoner is said to be 23 years old and of athletic proportions. His little victim is reported to be in a very precarious condition.

Petitions for Pardon.

BEAVER, March 9.—The petit on and all necessary papers, together with reasons urged for the pardon of Messrs. Mellon and Porter, convicted of libel in the Quay-*Star* case, were sent to-day to the Recorder of the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg. The case will come before that body March 22. The petition contains about 800 names including those of the leading business and professional men of the Beaver Valley.

The imprisonment of Messrs. Mellon and Porter is beginning to tell on their not over rugged constitutions, and they show the confinement in their haggard appearance. This is especially true in the case of Mr. Porter, whose lungs are weak, and who gave up a business that confined him too closely within doors to take outside work on the *Star*. It is claimed by his friends that if he is obliged to serve the full term of six months in jail his health will be completely broken, if indeed, it does not cause his death. To add to his troubles, he has just received word that his wife and two children are ill.

The Greatest Storm in Years.

DULUTH, Minn., March 10.—The storm in Duluth, yesterday, was the worst known in Minnesota for years. Duluth was the storm centre of the northwest. The wind blew sixty miles an hour. The thermometer was 6 degrees below zero and nearly fifteen inches of snow fell. Business was entirely prostrated, the street car lines were abandoned and the suburban trains made no effort to complete their trips after 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The damage was great at West Duluth. The smoke stack of the Morrell & Ring saw mill was blown down. F. Cullen, an employe, was instantly killed and two men were injured. A number of school children are missing but it is thought that none are lost and they have been cared for by families living near the school. The storm ceased this morning and everybody is busy opening sidewalks and streets. There are reports of life lost that have not yet been confirmed.

AMONG THE METHODISTS.

Progress of the Conference at York—Some Important Reports.

YORK, March 10.—In the M. E. conference to-day the committee on the book concern reported. They show a balance of profits of $171,624.65. The bishop was requested to appoint Rev. Curran to a professorship in the Tioga seminary. A resolution calling for a quarter century jubilee meeting during the new session of conference in 1893, and providing for the appointment of a committee of arrangements of of five members was adopted.

Dr. Gray, of the Frenchman's Aid Society, addressed the conference on their work. They have 172 students in the college course, 928 academies, 326 for ministry, 195 medical, 5 dental, 9 phar-maceutical, 4.720 music, 59 art, 50 nurse training, 30 stenographic, 30 law, 353 bookkeeping; 259; 269 students were aided during the year.

Resolutions were adopted recommending the establishment of Epworth league chapters whenever practicable, and that the league be recognized as a department of the work of the church.

At 2 p. m. the anniversary of the Women's Home Missionary Society was held. It was in charge of the president of the Confederate Society. The speakers were Mrs. T. L. Tomkinson and Mrs. E. L. Albright. A pentecostal meeting was led by Rev. S. A. Keen, D. D., at 4 p. m.

Mrs. Ellen H. Hall.

Mrs. Ellen H., wife of John F. Hall, died at her home on Lincoln avenue at 9.45 o'clock last evening. About seven years ago her health began to fail and she had not been well since that time. On Tuesday she suddenly suffered a partial paralysis, extending over her left side and gradually sank from that time until her death.

Deceased was born at Centre Furnace, near Bellefonte, November 8, 1829, and was married to John F. Hall February 27, 1849. Six children were born, of which number only two are living, Harry C. Hall of Tyrone, and Mrs. R. H. Hardy, of Allegheny City. Mr. and Mrs. Hall moved to Tyrone from Ohio, October 23, 1872. Since that time they have made hosts of friends. Mrs. Hall was a consistent and faithful member of the Methodist church and was zealous in all good work connewith the church.

The funeral services will take place tomorrow at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Methodist church. Interment in Tyrone cemetery.—*Herald*

Death of John F. Krebs.

Mr. John F. Krebs, of Ferguson township, died at his home in that township on Wednesday night. Mr. Krebs has been suffering for a long spell with a disease of the stomach, and everybody realized that the end was near. Mr. Krebs was the oldest son of Squire Krebs and a brother of Judge Krebs, of Clearfield county. He was born and raised on the farm on which he died. He was aged about fifty-nine years. He was married and was the father of ten children, five of whom, with a loving wife and mother, survive to mourn the loss of a kind parent. Mr. Krebs was a member of the Lutheran church and his death has caused a vacancy which will be hard to fill. The funeral will occur tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon, interment to be made at Pine Grove Mills.

Manager Charles T. Noll.

Thus far we have omitted to mention the fact that on the first of March Mr. James Woomer, who for the past several years has so ably filled the position of Manager for the Central Pennsylvania Telephone and Supply Company in this place, was promoted to a position which will keep him almost constantly on the road. His promotion made it necessary to have a new manager here and Charles T. Noll, the efficient assistant, was put in charge and has since been filling the position in a way that assures his permanent appointment. We congratulate Charlie in his advancement in the "helloing" business and we also congratulate the company on securing such a valuable man in that position.

Miller & Hoover, vs., P. R. R.

Miller & Hoover, of Bellefonte, who sued the Pennsylvania railroad company for $2121.00, alleged to be due in discriminating against them in freight rates, had their case arbitrated at the Court House last Thursday afternoon. The arbitrators were Augustus Letteman. John G. Simpson and Thomas S. Johnston, who found for the plaintiffs for the full amount of the claim. The railroad claims to have an adequate defense in this action and will appeal the case to court.—Huntingdon *Globe*.

—Spring bonnets and Easter openings will soon be down on the bill of fare.

Valerie;

HALF A TRUTH.

BY "THE DUCHESS."

In a minute or two Louis rallied, and turned to his companion, a slight flush mounting to his cheek.

"Colonel Beauregard," he said, "you saved my life!"

"Tut! Charteris. You were walking right under a horse's nose, and I dragged you away, that's all."

"I almost wish you hadn't," said Louis, bitterly.

The other glanced at him keenly, not for the first time, and said, a little drily, yet not unkindly:

"You fellows like you, who have, maybe, never seen death, are apt to court it too lightly."

Louis colored again.

"I had no idea of suicide, Colonel Beauregard," he said. "I simply didn't look where I was going."

"I saw that. Here we are at your diggings. May I come in; or would you rather not? No ceremony, please."

"I should be very glad if you would come up," said Louis, with unmistakable sincerity. "I scarcely know you, Colonel Beauregard, and yet I don't feel as if you were a stranger."

"People generally get to feel at home with me very soon," replied Max; and, after paying the cabman, he followed Louis into the house.

The young man's sitting-room was not particularly home-like or comfortable, and bore no evidence of exuberant wealth in its occupier. The fact naturally struck Louis with peculiar sharpness just now, and, with a reckless sort of laugh, he turned to his companion.

"It looks brilliant, doesn't it?" he said; "looks as if I were a millionaire; the sort of place a girl who lives on rose-leaves would like to come to?"

He threw himself into a chair, pressing his hand to his forehead. Beauregard stood still, looking at him steadily. Louis, he saw, was in a dangerous mood; he had seen this ten minutes ago in Regent Street. One glance at the young man's face had been enough for Max; and it was not difficult to divine the cause, or something very near it, of Louis' trouble.

After a sudden pause, Louis added in the same strain, but more sullenly:

"I suppose they are all alike—all women love money, and money's worth, better than Heaven itself."

"Which means——" began Beauregard, quietly.

Louis interrupted him.

"Which means," he said, fiercely, "that Valerie Herbert has flung me aside like a broken toy for the sake of a rich man."

He sprang to his feet and began walking up and down excitedly.

Beauregard set his teeth for a moment, then he said slowly, in a quiet, level voice, strangly contrasting with the other's excitement:

"Has she, with her own lips, dismissed you? Has she told you it was for a rich man's sake?"

"Told me! She dared not deny it when I charged her with it! You must know—you must have heard—that she is as good as engaged to Aston Lawford? I saw her yesterday with him in the Park—smiling and happy, with no thought of me, though

Louis threw himself into a chair.

it is not a year since she promised to be my wife; and she loved me then—I believe she loves me now, if she is capable of it!"

"Stay, Charteris," said the other, still speaking calmly, though there was little inward calm, "you are talking wildly. Try and tell me collectedly, if you are willing I should know all, how this came about?"

Louis threw himself into a chair by the table and dropped his head on his arm.

"I'll try," he said, brokenly. "Yes, I am willing to tell you all, but I am unmanned just now."

Max was silent. It was best so. It is not easy, even for a woman, to comfort a man in a grief like this; he must fight the battle alone. And yet Beauregard, as for a moment his hand stole into his breast and pressed his own laboring heart, felt that Louis' disappointment would be comparatively short-lived. Time would heal the wound that bled now so freely. But the young man's grief was poignant at first; sobs shook his frame. The soldier possessed his soul in silence; and, if his cheek was a little paler than usual, his lips more sternly compressed, who would have noticed these signs as meaning more than that he felt deeply for young Charteris, and, man-like, repressed all outward show of emotion?

By-and-by Louis raised his head.

"I am a fool!" he said, dashing his hand across his eyes. "But that's the last of it, I hope. I ought to have known better than to dream that a brilliant beauty, when once she knew her worth, would bestow a second thought on a poor fellow who can't give her carriages and diamonds, and a mansion in the West-end!"

"Ay," said Beauregard, in a low voice, "Faust was wise in his generation when he tempted Marguerite with jewels; and yet, don't fall into the error of believing all women Marguerites."

"No! Yet Valerie seemed as pure-hearted as a child before she was thrown into the whirlpool of society!"

"She had had no temptation; but Heaven forbid I should speak harshly of a child—she is scarcely more than that now, Charteris——"

He stopped, bit his lip, and added, abruptly:

"You saw her herself—alone—to-day?"

"For the first time since her return to England. I had been with my father in the country; he was ill. When I returned to London I wrote to Valerie, asking to see her. She answered me that on Tuesday and Wednesday she was engaged; I was to call to-day. She put me off for afternoon calls, for the turn-out of the Four-in-hand! When I met her she told me that she could not marry me. I charged her with throwing me over for Aston Lawford, and she could not deny it; she was silent—ashamed to meet my look. I waited for her to speak; I hoped that she might deny the charge, but she was speechless. I implored her to answer me; I accused her of being mercenary and worldly, and by her shamed silence she pleaded guilty."

Beauregard turned aside his face; for full a minute he could not speak; and Louis was too self-absorbed to notice that, when the soldier broke the silence, his voice was a little husky.

"Did she tell you," he asked, "that she was engaged to Lawford?"

"She told me nothing in words; she admitted all by silence."

"I understand, Charteris; you have learned your lesson. Don't let it embitter you, and make you judge all women by one. It is better to know the truth now than when knowledge might come too late."

"I have loved her so long," said poor Louis, dropping his head again, "and to be forced to despise her."

Despise her! Beauregard caught his breath as if struck by a physical blow. The word, in connection with Valerie, went like a knife to his heart.

"Not that!" he said, inwardly, his lips white with pain. "Oh, not that! my own—my love; so young—so tempted! Heaven help thee!"

He turned, and laid his hand on Louis' shoulder.

"You are too young, Charteris," he said, gently, "to be merciful; and just now the wound is too deep. But try to remember that Valerie is heaping up for herself in the future far greater suffering than she has inflicted on you. And I think also," he said this with a ring of subdued passion in his soft voice, "that about a woman one has once loved there is something forever sacred—something that must make us always speak of her and think of her tenderly."

"Even," said Louis, bitterly, "when she has befooled you and wrecked your life?"

"Even when she has wrecked your life," said Max, quietly, and he dropped his hand, and turned away again.

But such chivalry was beyond Louis Charteris; he only thought, "The man has not loved as I have, or been treated as Valerie treated me." He said: "I cannot feel like that, Colonel Beauregard. I wish to Heaven I had never seen Valerie! I want never to see her again!"

Beauregard crushed down the almost scornful words that rushed to his lips.

"You call this love?—a boy's infatuation! In six months the wound will be healed; in a year the very scar will have vanished."

He walked once or twice through the room before he could calm down the tempest within him enough to trust his voice. Then he paused, and said:

"It is better for you that you feel as you speak, Charteris; you will the sooner learn to forget a woman who has proved herself unworthy of any man's love."

"I shall never forget her!" said Louis.

Beauregard made a gesture of impatience; there was a touch of irony in his smile.

"You say so now; young fellows are always convinced that their first disappointment will last their lifetime; but—it never does." Then, touched by the young man's almost haggard look, he added, with a quite womanly tenderness of manner:

"It is a heavy blow, Charteris; but, for Heaven's sake! bear up under it like a man. Your life may be wrecked if you give way now. We have our lives to live, come what may. Forgive me——"

"No," said Louis, stretching out his hand. "You are a noble fellow for speaking out straight and plain. Thank you for it."

The hands of the two men who loved Valerie, both well and truly, yet how differently—the one openly, the other in secret—met in a close clasp. Then Max Beauregard went out, and left the young lover alone.

Who, seeing these men together in that hour, would have imagined that the suffering which spoke in passionate words, and even sobs, was but as the breeze that flutters a dead leaf to the tempest that changes the face of a landscape, compared with the suffering which gave no sign?

But Louis Charteris firmly believed that "all the to-morrows shall be as to-day." In six months Max Beauregard will prove a true prophet; but for the soldier, six months, six years, twice six years would be but as one day in his changeless love for Valerie. There are a few men who love after this sort; but Max Beauregard was one of the few.

CHAPTER XXVI.—A PASSED COQUETTE.

Mrs. Langley did not see her niece until the following morning, and she wisely abstained from asking questions. She saw that the girl looked very white, and that her eyes were heavy, as if she had been weeping.

"She imagines herself broken-hearted," thought the lady; "but she will soon get over that. I am heartily glad this foolish business is done with."

In the afternoon Aston Lawford called; but Valerie did not appear. Mrs. Langley (who called such statements "tarradiddles") said she was out.

"I think she wants to avoid me," Lawford said. "She puzzles me, Mrs. Langley, she is so capricious."

"My dear Mr. Lawford," Mrs. Langley laughed merrily, "you must not expect a girl of eighteen, in her first season, to behave like a woman of five-and-twenty. Valerie likes you, I am sure of that. I will not pledge myself to more."

"You really think she does?" asked Lawford, eagerly. "I don't profess to understand women—still less girls—but sometimes I feel that I am making no way with her."

"If you will take my advice," said Mrs. Langley, "try and be patient. Valerie is *difficile*—I don't deny it—and consider how she is flattered and fussed over!"

"She takes her fill of the world," said Lawford, somewhat grimly. "Pardon me for saying that few men would care to see a girl they love flirt so much with others!"

"Ah!" said Mrs. Langley, amiably, "you have old-world ideas, Mr. Lawford. I don't say they are wrong, but we can't make a spoilt beauty see with our eyes! I repeat, I am convinced that at heart Valerie likes you!"

A charming fiction, which Aston Lawford was, however, content to accept at its apparent and not its real value.

Mrs. Langley did not repeat this brief conversation to Valerie. There was no saying what—in her present mood—that young lady might do. "The world and all that belongs to it," including the "iron man" and his millions, might be thrown over in a gust of sentiment by the decidedly incomprehensible young person.

Lawford had hardly left the house when there came a note from Lady Elinor Beauregard.

"If you and Valerie are free this evening, will you come and dine with us? Pray forgive such short notice, but Gerald, who had decided to leave town early next week, has suddenly decided to go to-morrow, as he doesn't feel well."

The servant was waiting for an answer, and Mrs. Langley accepted the invitation, and then sent for Valerie, and told her.

"Very well," was all the girl said, but her heart beat fast. She had not seen Colonel Beauregard since the ball. She dreaded meeting him again.

But she had not much more than time to dress, and then the carriage was announced, and a few minutes later the two ladies were ascending the broad stairs of the Beauregard mansion in Whitehall Gardens.

One swift glance as they entered the drawing-room assured Valerie that Colonel Beauregard was not there. Perhaps he was out for the evening. The girl felt half relieved at the thought; and yet her heart sank, too.

Lady Elinor came forward with effusion to receive her guests.

"How good of you to come!" she exclaimed. "How lucky you were disengaged—or ourselves!"

"And a very dull host, I am afraid," said Gerald Beauregard, as he shook hands. "I don't feel well at all."

"You don't look it," said Mrs. Langley. "I am afraid London doesn't suit you."

"It doesn't, indeed! So I am going to leave Nellie to Max's care, and she will run down and see me sometimes."

"Max is going down with him to-morrow," added Lady Elinor.

"Yes? Shall we not have the pleasure of seeing him this evening?" asked Mrs. Langley.

"Oh, yes! Here he is, I believe!"

The door opened, and Colonel Beauregard came in. He shook hands with Mrs. Langley, and then turned to Valerie, who sat on a low chair near.

But she was quite self-possessed now, and gave him her hand without a tremor.

He sat down near her, and began talking about ordinary topics, without anything in his manner to indicate that she had offended or wounded him the other evening.

Only there was the same change she had noticed then; the old, half-tender, bright ness had gone—they might have been acquaintances of this season only—although Valerie would have found it hard to say that he deliberately avoided all allusions to a former friendship, he certainly never made one; and she, poor child, dared not.

How often, during these few minutes, she thought of the mermaid and the naked swords; and yet it was strange happiness only to have him near her, to hear his voice, though he must despise and condemn her in his heart.

More than once Mrs. Langley glanced covertly and anxiously toward the two. She was always a good bit afraid of Max Beauregard, he was so dangerously attractive a man; and it would never do for Valerie to throw over one poor man only to fall in love with another.

But there was nothing in the soft manner now to affright the wise matron, no suspicious lowering of the voice on her part or Valerie's, no drooping of eyes or change of color; and when the butler announced dinner, and Lady Elinor said: "Max, will you take Valerie down?" he rose and gave his companion his arm with some careless remark about the way they had been talking of.

At dinner he sat next her; but all the time, while conversing with her on general topics, Colonel Beauregard was closely watching the girl's beautiful face, and again and again to himself:

"She is sacrificing herself for money! she is not happy. Had she grown to love Charteris? She cannot love Aston Lawford!"

After dinner, when they were all in the drawing-room, and Valerie was talking to Gerald Beauregard, Aston Lawford was announced. Max, under the shelter of his long lashes, glanced keenly at Valerie. He saw in her face a flash that was surely pleasure; yet when Lawford came up to her she greeted him with a bright smile, and made room for him on the couch beside her; and presently Mr. Beauregard left the room to speak to Mrs. Langley, and Valerie was left to Lawford's companionship. Gerald's place remained empty. Max might have taken it; but he went to Mrs. Langley's chair; and seemed content to think he was not wanted elsewhere. He did not care to seek Valerie's society—why should he? the girl asked herself, bitterly; and yet her whole soul rose up in resentment against the tacit consignment of her to Aston Lawford. She would not look, she said to herself; and then came the temptation. No, Max Beauregard might think it was done to draw him on.

In her terror of Scylla the girl plunged into Charybdis, and put on her sweetest manner for Aston Lawford, raising him to the seventh heaven, and filling Max Beauregard with a keen desire to run that "iron man" through the body.

Presently, however, Lady Elinor, having something to say to her brother-in-law, crossed over to Valerie.

"My sister wished me to speak to you, Miss Herbert," he said, "if you would be one of our party next Tuesday at the Lyceum?"

"Who are going besides Lady Elinor?" asked Valerie, playing with her fan, and bidding inwardly, her young heart fluttering like an imprisoned bird.

"Hal Dallas and myself."

"I shall be very happy——" Valerie began beginning, when Lawford interposed.

"I thought next Tuesday was on," Valerie looked at him.

"Engaged?" she repeated. "Yes."

"Oh! if that is the case," said Max Beauregard, a little coldly, "forgive only your aunt told Nellie you were."

Aston Lawford looked with a flush on the handsome soldier—there was no time lost between these two men—and then Valerie:

"You half promised to go with Lady Elinor and me to the German Opera!"

"Did I? Oh, well, a half promise is not a whole one," returned the girl, with a careless laugh. "Please tell Lady Elinor, Colonel Beauregard, that I shall be very happy to join your party on Tuesday."

Beauregard bowed gravely, and turned away; but he heard Lawford's eager question, and the girl's reply:

"Surely, Valerie, you cannot go with them?"

"Surely, Mr. Lawford, I am not going to give rhyme and reason for all I do, to anyone. Pray understand that!"

And Max set his teeth like a vice.

Was Valerie an inborn coquette, selling herself to one man, yet bent on the conquest of all? Truly, it seemed as if she was.

CHAPTER XXVII.—AT THE LYCEUM.

Lady Elinor Beauregard's carriage drew up at the door of Mrs. Langley's house in Upper Brook Street, and the lady turned to Colonel Beauregard who sat by her.

"Go up, Max, and fetch Valerie, please. There is no need for me to go in. She is sure to be ready, for she inherits the military virtue of punctuality."

The footman had already knocked, and the door was opened as Max stepped out of the brougham. He was shown into the drawing-room, and was for a minute alone. Instinctively he glanced around for signs of Valerie's presence; a piece of music lay on the piano. He crossed the room and looked at the music—a song by "'Clio,' dedicated by permission to Miss Valerie Herbert," and set to words by Elizabeth Barrett Browning. The music was trash, and he was closing the page without further notice, when some words caught his eyes:

"Ye weep for these who weep? she said—
Ah! fools! I bid you pass them by.
Go weep for these whose hearts have bled
What time their eyes were dry.
Whom sadder can I say? she said."

"True! true! Heaven knows it!" the man muttered, pressing his hand over his eyes for a moment; and then he turned, with quickening pulse, as the door opened, and there was a soft *frou-frou* of woman's garments, and Valerie came in, in cream cashmere and amber satin, exhaling perfume of hyacinth and heliotrope.

"I have not kept you a minute, Colonel Beauregard, have I?" she said, holding out her hand.

"Scarcely a minute; I hope you have not hurried?" he answered, taking the rich opera-cloak from the hands of Fanchon, who followed, to place round Valerie's shoulders.

"There was no need. I was just ready."

Max wrapped the mantle carefully about her, bringing back to her the night at Donnington, when he had told her that fairy queens were scarce. Did he, too, recall that episode? Then he drew the little hand on his arm, and led her down to the carriage.

Lady Elinor shook hands with her warmly, told her she was as punctual as Max himself, and then the carriage drove off.

"Have you heard from Mr. Beauregard lately?" Valerie asked his wife, *en route*.

"Yes, this morning. He was still not very well; but nothing really the matter. Max and I are going down to Abbot's Leigh on Saturday to stay over Monday."

Lady Elinor (or rather Colonel Beauregard for her) had secured a first-tier box, and they found Dallas waiting for them in the vestibule of the theatre. Lady Elinor placed Valerie in the centre of the box between the two men, Max nearest the stage, herself taking the opposite corner next to Dallas; and the moment she was settled, she began to look about for people she knew while everybody in the house who could see the Beauregard box, stared at Valerie. But Valerie cared nothing who was here or who wasn't, or whether she was looked at or not. She only knew that Max Beauregard was beside her, and it was the mermaid and the swords again. Her heart felt breaking, but she was happy, a happiness that was full of ineffable pain, and yet was happiness. She knew Beauregard must despise her: he was disappointed in her; she had been (to all seeming) unjust, unkind, ungrateful to him: the effort to talk, and appear as usual in his presence, to look at him, was so great that it produced actual physical as well as intense mental exhaustion; still, it was the only happiness her life knew now—to be with him. Truly love is the strangest, the most inexplicable of all passions.

"I thought I saw Aston Lawford," said Lady Elinor, and Max saw Valerie start slightly.

"Where?" asked Dallas.

"Over there, at the back of the opposite stage-box," leveling her opera-glass. Beauregard's eyes followed the direction indicated.

"That isn't Lawford," he said; "that's the manager of the —— Theatre."

"Mr. Lawford was going to the German opera to-night," said Valerie, nonchalantly.

"He might not have gone after all, as you were not going, my dear," replied Lady Elinor, laughing.

Max glanced at Valerie. The girl colored, but shrugged her shoulders.

It was clear to him that she had no love for Lawford (how, indeed, could she have?) and yet she was going to sacrifice herself to him!

The rising of the curtain put a term to Lady Elinor's chatter, and the stage gave both Valerie and Colonel Beauregard a good excuse for silence. Neither cared to talk, but Max took little heed of what went on behind the footlights, his every thought was absorbed by the girl at his side.

Often, leaning back in the shadow, he watched her covertly, mastered by the fatal fascination born of a love that no unworthiness in its object could destroy, or even lessen in intensity. He watched every change of face, every movement, the rise and fall of every breath.

And once he might have won her, but now it was too late! Nay, if he had untold wealth to-morrow, he would not lay it at the feet of the woman who would not count him more precious to her than the wealth of the whole world.

The act-drop fell, and Valerie turned to Dallas, making some remark about the play; and Dallas was answering her, when suddenly he paused, and leaning behind her, said, in a low tone:

"Beau, what's that? Just look!"

Beauregard leaned forward a little, looking toward the stage; and Valerie, who had heard Dallas' whisper, looked, too, without any feeling of nervous fear, and saw a flash of bright light leaping behind the curtain.

It was seen by many others in that moment, and numbers sprang up, someone foolishly calling "Fire!"

Lady Elinor rose with a shriek, but Hal Dallas' grasp was on her arm.

"Sit down, Lady Elinor!" he said; rather sternly. "There is no danger!"

But Valerie had not stirred, though she went a little white to see the people spring up, and hear the cries of fear.

"There will be a panic!" was all she said, under her breath.

Max Beauregard bent down to her, and laid his hand on hers.

"Valerie," he said, in a low, quiet tone, "you are not afraid?"

The girl held her breath. Every nerve thrilled under the strong, close clasp; the sound of her name, passing his lips for the first time, rang above the shouts and

Numbers sprang up, someone shouting "Fire!"

screams of the people.

She could not, dared not, look at him; she could not for a moment speak, and when she could it was only a whisper—only four words:

"No," she said; "not the least!"

Afraid, with him by her side! Afraid, when his hand held hers! If flames had enwrapped the whole building she could have known no fear—for herself!

And in his soft, clear voice there was the old indulgent tenderness; in her possible peril she was once more to him the child he had saved from the storm, whose arms had clasped his neck, whose pure heart had known no guile. It was no more than this, she knew—no more than the strong man's tenderness for the fragile girl; but, even so, it was infinitely precious—it was the cup of water to the thirst-maddened, the crust of bread to the starving!

"You are a brave child!" he said, in the same tone—"a true soldier's daughter!"

Oh! if he had but followed the wild impulse that almost mastered even the iron restraint he had put upon himself; if he had only spoken the words that quivered on his lips, only compelled her eyes to meet the love that glowed in his! It was a supreme moment; but the man's pride, the girl's terror of self-betrayal flung it away. It was a gossamer web that hung between them, but to each it seemed a stone wall.

And in a few minutes all danger was past. The people in the stalls succeeded in preventing a stampede from the pit; and the stage-manager, rushing to the front, proclaimed that the fire was very slight, and had been subdued, and, indeed, the light behind the curtain quickly diminished, and, even while the stage-manager spoke, died down altogether. Many who had hurried to the doors returned to their seats, half-ashamed of their terror, and others, who had been standing, sat down again.

"A causeless panic!" said Hal Dallas, who had had some difficulty in keeping Lady Elinor quiet. "By Jove, Miss Herbert, you *are* brave!"

Max Beauregard had released her hand the instant it was perfectly clear there was no peril. She turned to Dallas with a half-laugh.

"How brave?" she said. "I was not frightened!"

"*I* was—horribly!" exclaimed Lady Elinor, still a good deal agitated. "I can't think how you can be so cool, Valerie. You didn't seem to mind a bit."

"She is a soldier, Nellie," said Colonel Beauregard, "and so not afraid of fire."

How she hated that "Miss Herbert!" and if she had regarded the man as a friend only, she would have reminded him that, having already omitted it, he would please her best by doing so in future; but she was tongue-tied.

Lady Elinor came unexpectedly to the rescue, interposing before Valerie could reply:

"For shame, Max, trying to get Valerie on your side! And I am sure she doesn't want you to call her 'Miss Herbert' any longer. Do you, Valerie?"

A light color crossed the man's bronzed face, his dark eyes flashed. He answered, quickly:

"You take Miss Herbert at a disadvantage, Nellie!"

"Ah, but," said Valerie, in a low tone; she had colored a little, too, but laughed as she spoke, to hide deep feeling—"I would much rather you dropped my surname. I hate formalities, you know."

"And I am the last man to hold by them," he answered, in the same manner; "but, of course, in these things, the lady must be the arbiter."

It might seem a small thing, and yet it was much to both of them, this breaking down of a barrier which seemed to ignore friendship. It was generous, too, in Max, Valerie thought, with swelling heart—most generous, not to remind her, by even the inflection of a tone, that she had so acted as to imply that she scarcely cared to remember the past, and certainly not to encourage more than mere acquaintanceship in the present. She had been cruel and unjust to him, and he had thrust the dagger into the sheath when she herself had put it naked into his hands.

Once more the curtain rose, and the play went on; and gradually Lady Elinor grew more tranquilized, though she hailed with satisfaction the fall of the green curtain.

"You're glad it is all over, eh, Nellie?" asked Colonel Beauregard, quizzically, as he took up Valerie's mantle.

"Wicked fellow! Yes, I am; and I am glad Mr. Lawford wasn't in the house, for he would have been rushing round like a madman to make sure that Valerie was not reduced to ashes."

"He would have known, I hope," said Colonel Beauregard, quietly, though he was white with suppressed passion at the implied ownership of the girl, "that Valerie was in safe hands."

And as he spoke he drew the mantle carefully about her; but there was no tenderness in his touch now, and Valerie felt as if turned to stone, her silence lending strength to the impression that she at least did not repudiate Aston Lawford's claim to take a special interest in her.

"Oh, yes, of course!" said Lady Elinor; "but then, you know—thanks, Mr. Dallas—that——"

"I know," interrupted Colonel Beauregard, rather shortly, "that if you are much longer Mrs. Langley will imagine we have spirited Valerie away altogether between us. Are you ready?"

"Yes, yes. You military men always want things to be done so quickly. That is right. Draw the hood well over my head, Mr. Dallas, or I shall get neuralgia. You never have that, Valerie—fortunate girl! Thanks, Mr. Dallas."

And Lady Elinor at length tripped out of the box, and Max followed with Valerie.

"Fancy!" said Lady Elinor, when bidding adieu to Valerie in Upper Brook Street, "how time flies! Henley next week, and the season nearly over! I hope the weather will be fine!"

"Yes, indeed. Good-night, and thanks so much for my pleasant evening. Good-night, Colonel Beauregard."

The door closed upon her, and as Max returned to the carriage, Lady Elinor said:

"I suppose she will go to Henley with the Lawfords?"

"I suppose so."

"And there will be a splendid wedding in the autumn?" said Lady Elinor, leaning back among the luxurious cushions, and closing her eyes. "Well, I think Valerie is wise. Lawford will make a very good husband, as husbands go; and she will have every wish gratified. What more can a girl require?"

"They don't seem to require more."

"Ah, you have romantic ideas, Max; you are a regular Bayard. What a pity! You might marry millions if you chose."

"What nonsense you talk, Nellie," he said, laughing. "If you must chatter, chatter about Henley."

But Lady Elinor yawned, and relapsed into silence. There would be no Henley for her this year, nor for Valerie; but neither of them dreamed of this now.

CHAPTER XXVIII.—MR. LAWFORD'S PERPLEXITY.

Four days before Henley Regatta, and Colonel Beauregard and his sister-in-law were alone together—a not very frequent condition of things.

It was just before afternoon tea, and she was reading a society paper—especially the items about the Marlborough House ball two night ago, where Valerie Herbert had been the belle; and he was reading a letter from Mrs. Fanshawe.

"I actually heard from Valerie Herbert the other day," wrote the lady. "She rarely writes now. I suppose old friends don't count. Not a long letter, and what I should call superficial. I never was so disappointed in anyone. And it seems she is going to marry Aston Lawford—not that she says so, but others do. Perhaps she will be happy in her way. She seems to have grown hard and worldly. I only hope you haven't let her make a conquest of you, as she has of all the other men, for such a girl could never make you happy."

Beauregard closed the letter, and, rising, walked into the conservatory, and sat down, leaning his forehead on his hand.

"Happy!" he said, inwardly. "No! I must honor as well as love the woman I make my wife; I must know that her love is for me, not for mine; but oh, Heaven! if I could tear this love out of my heart! Useless to try; it is a very part of my life—nay, I must carry it with me beyond the grave!"

He rose after a few minutes, and turned back to the drawing-room; and as he entered, the door opened, and Mr. Lawford was announced.

Lady Elinor dropped her paper, and held out her hand cordially.

"Delighted to see you!" she exclaimed. "You are just in time for a cup of tea. How fortunate! Max, ring the bell, please."

Mr. Lawford shook hands with Colonel Beauregard, and sat down by his hostess.

"I have been reading about the ball at Marlborough House," continued Lady Elinor, while Beauregard threw himself into an arm-chair opposite, and wished Aston Lawford at—well, at home!

The little lady saw that her visitor looked "glum," and she wanted to "draw him out," convinced that the capricious beauty of the season was in some way accountable.

"H'm," he said; "have you? A brilliant affair——"

"Indeed it was! And Valerie danced with the Prince. She carried off the honors—*ce va sans dire*. I saw her dress before she went; it was a dream—a marvel—a——"

"A poem in satin and lace," concluded Beauregard, gravely. "Rossetti in fabric. Pray don't underrate!"

"Be quiet Max! don't be sarcastic! Did you see the dress, Mr. Lawford?"

"No," he replied, grimly; "but she was at Lady Nonpareil's ball last night!"

"Indeed! And how many times did you dance with her? Come—confess!"

"I am not in a mood for jesting, Lady Elinor," said Lawford a little gruffly.

"What!" she said, startled. "You don't mean that——"

"That Miss Herbert has refused me—not I haven't asked her yet; but I shall do so, and speedily. Her aunt preaches patience; but mine is tired out. She has had tether enough to flirt with all the world, and bring men to her feet only to spurn them!"

"Take care!" said Lady Elinor, warningly; "she may deal the same with you, thinking to beckon you back at her will."

"She is too wise for that!" said Lawford, with the consciousness of possessing overwhelming advantages, "and she would hardly dream of flying directly in Mrs. Langley's face, with the alternative of being sent back to the country!"

"Not," he added, quickly, for he knew how Colonel Beauregard would look upon anything like coercion in such a case, and dreaded some sarcasm; "not that I would accept, on any terms, an unwilling bride; but then I know she is not unwilling—she

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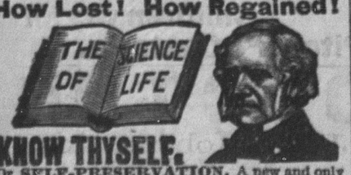

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OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Special Correspondence

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mar. 7, 1892.

The President came home from his vacation two or three days earlier than he intended, because of the very peculiar action of Lord Salisbury in refusing a renewal of the modus vivendi in Behring Sea pending the arbitration proposed by the treaty signed last week. The President and his Cabinet consider the situation very critical, and much regret is expressed because Secretary Blaine is confined to his bed with the grip. Lord Salisbury's action is virtually an insult to this government, and makes the treaty of very little service, as there will be nothing to arbitrate if this government allows the Canadian sealers to go into Behring Sea the coming season, and nothing but force will prevent them, and if we use force we shall unquestionably have to fight the British Navy, and after the fighting is begun the arbitration treaty will not stop it.

The arbitration treaty was to have been sent to the Senate this week, and if it goes in and is called up in Executive session there will probably be some very belligerent talk, as there are Senators who, believing that Salisbury has deliberately and intentionally insulted us, are in favor of refusing to ratify the arbitration treaty, and of having the administration inform Salisbury that this government intends to maintain its rights in Behring sea by force if necessary. For the first time in years a night session of the Cabinet has been held, the President being determined to do nothing rashly and at the same time to leave nothing undone that is necessary to the upholding of American rights and American honor. He will show the world that he will deal with powerful Great Britain in precisely the same spirit he did with weak Chili.

Well, Well! wonders will never cease. Senator Gorman says, and he evidently expects the country to believe him in his life, and never had any consultation with him on any subject. Gorman is very shrewd in dectecting the way of the wind, politically speaking, and he seldom speaks for publication without having a definite object in view. Some say his object in making the present statement is to announce his desertion of Hill, and others that it is merely a dodge in Hill's favor.

The Hill boomers are making preparation for a demonstration in force in the South, which section the Cleveland men all along claimed as their exclusive property. Discreet Hill agents have been working up a Hill sentiment in the South for some weeks past, and how well they have done their work is shown by the invitations to visit that section which Mr Hill has recently received and is daily receiving from its prominent cities. A tour will be arranged for him, perhaps it would be nearer exact to say by him, which will take in all the points where his agents report a probability of capturing any delegates to the National convention.

Jerry Simpson's attempt to introduce the Mrs. Lease style of stump speech on the floor of the House for having used it. His apology was a slander on the good people of Kansas, for he tried to leave the House under the impression that the use of bad language was so common in that State that he should not be held responsible for having used it. The objectionable language was used in a running debate on the bill allowing railroads to give special rates to commercial travellers, when Simpson referred to Senator Cullem, the author of the Interstate Commerce law, as an "iniquitous railroad attorney."

The democrats of the House appear to have fully made up their minds that no private pension legislature shall get through at this session, for, although Friday night sessions have been set apart for this purpose, the democrats purposely remain away and then raise the point of "no quorum" in order to prevent anything being done. The same thing might have been accomplished in a more manly way by the adoption of a resolution reading something like this: Resolved. That no private pension bill shall be voted for by the majority of this House, no matter how just it may be nor how needy the applicant may be.

Senator Hoar, who has been confined to his room for several week with an affection of the eyes, expects to be able to resume his duties this week. Several important nominations, including those of the Judges of the new Circuit Court, are before the Judiciary committee, of which Mr. Hoar is chairman. They will all be disposed of this week.

The House for once did just what it was expected to do, when it voted on the resolution setting aside March 22, 23, and 24th for the consideration of the Bland free coinage bill.

Hopkins May Have Been Murdered.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., March 5.—The mystery surrounding the death of Hon. Stephe T. Hopkins, of New York city, who was found dead in a ditch along the railroad tracks, below this place, on Thursday, deepens hourly. How the man came to the place where he was found cannot be conceived. The opinion that the man was foully dealt with is gaining great ground in this vicinity. If this is a fact the object must have deeper motive than robbery, as valuables were found on the body.

A Candidate for the Guillotine.

PARIS, March 5.—Three men who attempted to rob a wine shop were detected by an employe named Ferry, and ran out. Two escaped in the crowd, but the third was followed by Ferry. A youth who attempting to stop him was shot, and in attempting to shoot Ferrey the thief killed a bystander. A man named Martineaf then seized the murder, but received two bullets in the body and also fell dead. Finally Ferrey overmastered the thief, assisted by a crowd.

A VERY STRANGE STORY.

Is That Which Was Told by a Woman in Boston.

BOSTON, March 6.—About two weeks ago Jennie Bolan, with many aliases, was locked up at a West End police station, in an intoxicated condition with counterfeit money in her purse. The counterfeits were not very good imitations. A special officer was detailed to find out where they came from, as every day they grew more numerous. Finally Jennie told the story.

She said that a man now confined in the state prison, whom she named, had melted some lead, mixed it with flint glass ground fine, run it through some molds which had been overlooked in the prisons from the time of previous administrations, and then by dropping the counterfeits into a solution of silver plating the state prison bird had completed his work. Jennie says she took them out and left good money behind, which the prisoner alluded could use to advantage. The special officer reported the result of his investigation to the police captain, and the latter reported to United State Special Agent Scanlan, who visited the state prison with the clue. The prison was ransacked, but not a mold or an evidence of counterfeiting was found.

Warden Lovering, when asked about the matter, said the story was substantially correct, but his interpretation is that Jennie, being caught with the money, thought she would lay the blame on a friend of hers that she sometimes visits at at the prison, knowing that it would be a long time before the fellow could get his revenge on her, if ever. The warden says not a single bit of evidence was found against his man, but it is thought by some that in this way some convicts have obtained good money which they found convenient to use when they once get outside and that possibly the two fellows who escaped on Friday are thus supplied.

A Bloody Fight.

EDMONTON, Ky., March 6.—News has just been received of a bloody fight which took place, at Clark's Cross-Roads, five miles east of this place, between a party of twelve wagoners on one side and eleven negro farm hands on the other, in which four negroes were killed and three or four wounded, and two of the wagoners, who are whites, were hauling lumber from Wright's mill, in this county, to Horse Cave, and were on their way to their homes at that place. When near Maxey's distillery, which is located at Clark's Cross-Roads, they met a negro farm hand who is employed on the farm of John Anderson. In passing one of the wagoners struck him with the whip, to which the negro remarked that he would see him again. The negro then went to the house of Anderson, who employs a large number of negroes, and in company with ten others, started for the distillery, where the wagoners made a business of stopping. When they arrived at the distillery all of the wagoners were inside the house purchasing whiskey except two. These the negroes sat upon with rocks and clubs and would have made short work of them but for the timely appearance of ten others, who sprang among them and in a short time shot and killed four and wounded three or four others, two of whom, it is said, cannot recover. The sheriff and posse have gone to the scene of the trouble

FIELD'S JURY DISAGREES.

Judge Van Brunt Discharges Them After Thanking Them for Their Services.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The inquiry into the sanity of Edward M. Field was continued at 10 o'clock this morning before Judge Van Brunt in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. District Attorney Nicoll began at once to sum up for the people. The arguments were finished before noon and after a recess the Judge delivered his charge and the case was given to the jury.

At 11.30 p. m. the jury came in and announced that they could not agree. The Judge, after thanking them for their services, discharged them.

A Requisition for Max Hart.

ALBANY, March 5.—Governor Flower has granted the requisition of Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, for Max Hart, now living, in New York city, who is wanted in Philadelphia for obtaining cloth suitings from a wholesale house there on false pretenses. Hart, with his counsel, Frederick House, of New York, was granted a hearing this afternoon by Governor Flower before he was surrendered to the Philadelphia officers.

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In delicate health, the result of irregularity of the natural functions, or of any of the ills peculiar to your sex, if you will write me, I will send you full information in regard to my cure, together with a few samples of the genuine testimonials I have received from thousands of thankful women. The M. U. Pastilles have stood the test of 18 years in a very extensive medical practice and have never failed to give beneficial results. Sample 12 cents; full box $1.00. Do not fail to learn more of them at once. Dr. H. H. Jackson, 103, State Street, Chicago, Ill. jy 30—1y

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Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
in rooms formerly occupied by the late Judge Hoy ja4'71-tf

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RAILROADS

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—TIME Table, Nov. 16, 1891.

STATIONS	Dis	A.M	A.M	P.M.
			WESTWARD	
LOCK HAVEN		6 40	9 15	4 20
Flemington—f	1.8	6 45	9 18	4 23
Mill Hall	3.0	6 46	9 21	4 26
Beech Creek	8.3	6 56	9 33	4 38
Eagleville—f	9.9	6 59	9 36	4 40
Howard	14.5	7 07	9 44	4 49
Mt. Eagle—f	17.7	7 14	9 48	4 55
Curtin	19.9	7 18	9 01	5 02
Milesburg	23.5	7 25	10 11	5 19
BELLEFONTE	25.2	7 35	10 25	5 20
Milesburg	25.5	7 45	10 35	5 30
Snow Shoe Int.	24.8	7 48	10 30	5 39
Unionville	25.5	7 55	10 48	5 41
Julian	32.9	8 05	10 59	5 50
Martha	37.0	8 13	11 26	5 59
Port Matilda	40.4	8 21	1129	6 06
Hannah—f	43.7	8 28	11 35	6 13
Fowler—f	46.0	8 30	11 39	6 15
Dix—f	46.2	8 33	11 37	6 12
Bald Eagle	49.3	8 40	11 38	6 25
Vail	51.2	8 44	11 43	6 29
East Tyrone	53.0	8 48	11 46	6 33
TYRONE	54.3	8 55	11 55	6 40
			EASTWARD	
STATIONS	Dis	A.M	P. M.	P.M.
TYRONE		7 55	3 10	7 25
East Tyrone	1.3	8 02	3 17	7 32
Vail	3.1	8 05	3 20	7 36
Bald Eagle	5.9	8 10	3 24	7 41
Dix—f	6.	8 15	3 29	7 47
Fowler—f	9.3	8 17	3 33	7 50
Hannah—f	10.6	8 21	3 37	7 54
Port Matilda	13.9	8 28	3 44	8 01
Martha	17.3	8 36	3 52	8 10
Julian	21.4	8 44	4 01	8 20
Unionville	25.8	8 55	4 09	8 30
Snow Shoe Int.	29.5	9 03	4 17	8 40
Milesburg	30.8	9 07	4 20	8 44
BELLEFONTE	33.5	9 17	4 30	8 54
Milesburg	33.8	9 32	4 40	9 05
Curtin	34.4	9 46	4 47	9 19
Mt Eagle—f	36.5	9 51	4 55	9 28
Howard	39.8	10 01	5 02	9 28
Eagleville—f	44.4	10 15	5 10	9 40
Beech Creek	45.0	10 20	5 15	9 45
Mill Hall	51.3	10 33	5 24	9 01
Flemington	52.5	10 28	5 27	10 05
LOCK HAVEN	54.3	10 45	5 39	10 10

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table in effect Dec. 14th, 1890.

Westward P.M	Westward A.M	Stations	Dis.	Eastward A.M	Eastward P.M
5 05	1 51	SCOTIA	25.6	9 21	4 47
5 25	10 21 5.3	Fairbrook	20.3	9 09	4 27
5 37	10 28 8.7	Penna. Furnace	16.9	8 56	4 15
5 44	10 34 10.6	Hostler f	15.0	8 50	4 08
5 50	10 45 12.9	Marengo f	13.0	8 43	4 01
5 57	10 52 13.5	Loveville f	12.1	8 37	3 55
6 04	10 58 15.2	Furnace Road f	10.4	8 31	3 49
6 08	11 02 15.8	Dungarvin f	9.8	8 27	3 46
6 18	11 10 18.2	Warriors Mark	7.4	8 19	3 38
6 28	11 20 20.5	Pennington	5.1	8 10	3 30
6 40	11 32 23.5	Stover	2.1	7 58	3 1
6 50	11 40 25.6	TYRONE		7 50	3 1

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD.—Time Table, Nov. 24 1890.

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6.45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8.45 a m.
Leaves Bellefonte at 10.30 a m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 12.1[illegible] a m.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 3.00 p m arrives at Bellefonte at 4.50 p m.
Leaves Bellefont at 5.25 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 7.00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Supt.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 24th, 1890

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
.9	5.59	2.15	MONTANDON	6.59	9.20	5.45
1.5	6.15	2.25	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	6.20	9.10	5.35
1.5	6.15	2.25	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.10	5.35
5.4	6.30	2.35	Biehl f		9.00	5.24
6.8	6.35	2.40	Vicksburg f		8.52	5.20
10.7	6.45	2.50	MIFFLINBURG		8.42	5.10
13.1	6.52	2.57	Barber f		8.36	5.0
15.2	6.58	3.03	Swengle f		8.30	4.5
16.1	7.00	3.05	Millmont		8.27	4.5
18.6	7.08	3.14	LAURELTON		8.17	4.46
23.5	7.19	3.25	Parnes f		8.06	4.35
28.9	7.33	3.38	Cherry Run f		7.53	4.22
32.2	7.43	3.48	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.43	4.12
33.9	7.48	3.54	Ingleby f		7.39	4.07
36.6	7.53	4.00	Coburn		7.30	4.00
39.6	8.01	4.03	Zerby f		7.21	3.52
43.4	8.10	4.17	Rising Springs		7.12	3.43
46.2	8.18	4.25	Penn's Cave f		7.05	3.36
49.2	8.24	4.30	CENTRE HALL		6.58	3.28
51.6	8.32	4.37	Gregg f		6.51	3.55
54.6	8.37	4.43	Linden Hall		6.43	3.16
56.7	8.42	4.48	OAK HALL		6.38	3.11
58.3	8.46	4.52	LEMONT		6.34	
60.2	8.51	4.57	Dale Summit f		6.29	
63.9	9.00	5.06	Pleasant Gap f		6.19	
65.2	9.04	5.10	Axeman f		6.14	
67.4	9.10	5.15	BELLEFONTE		6.10	2.48

CHAS E. PUGH, General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON, General Superintendent
F. B. WESTFALL, Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, August 7, 1889, Trains on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run Railroad will run as follows, leaving the PENN'A RAIL-ROAD STATION.

EASTWARD. No.6 P.M	No.2 A.M	Dis.	STATIONS	WESTWARD Dis. No.3 A.M	No.5 P.M
6 20	9 10	18.	Ar. BELLEFONTE Lv	0. 6 00	3 00
6 13	9 03	17.	Scales	1. 6 37	3 09
6 08	8 59	16.	Morris	2. 6 11	3 13
6 03	8 54	15.	Whitmer	4. 6 16	3 [illegible]
5 59	8 51		Linn	6 1[illegible]	3 23
5 57	8 48	12.8	Hunters	5.5 6 22	3 26
5 53	8 44	11.2	Filmore	6.8 9 26	3 30
5 47	8 40	9.5	Briarly	8.5 6 32	3 36
5 43	8 36	8.	Waddles	10. 6 36	3 43
	8 33		Matterns		3 45
	8 25		Stormstown		3 52
	8 19		Red Bank		3 59
5 39	8 09	6.9	Scotia Crossing	11.1 6 46	4 09
5 24	7 25	2.	Krumride	16. 7 00	4
5 20	7 20	0.	LVSTATE COLLEGE Ar	18. 7 04	5

Trains will stop at stations marked "F" when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Train 2 connects with Trains east and west E V R R and S S Branch.
Train 6 connects with Trains east on B E R and the S S Branch.
THOS. A. SHOEMAKER, Supt

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Dec. 24th, 1890.

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Phila daily ..... 11 25 p m
" " Harrisburg " ... 3 39 a m
" " William'port " ... 7 10 a m
" " Jersey Shore " ... 7 31 a m
" " Lock Haven " ... 7 55 a m
" " Renovo " ... 8 55 a m
" arrives Erie " ... 3 40 p m
GRA EX. l'ves Phila week d'ys.. 8 50 a m
" " Harrsburg " ... 12 09 m
" arrives at Wmsport " ... 3 20 p m
" " Lock Haven " ... 4 10 p m
" " Renovo " ... 5 15 p m
" " Kane " ... 9 20 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at ..... 5 20 p m
FAST LINE leaves Phila. week days. 11 40 a m
" " Harrisburg " ... 3 45 p m
" " Williamsport " ... 7 10 p m
" arrives at Lock Haven " ... 8 02 p m
" " Renovo " ... 9 00 p m
NEWS EX. l'ves Philadelphia ..... 4 30 a m
" " Harrisburg ..... 8 10 a m
" " Williamsport ..... 11 20 a m
" " arrives at Lock Haven ..... 12 15 p m
Wms'port Ex. l'ves Phila ..... 4 25 p m
" " Harrisburg ..... 7 32 p m
" " arrive Williamsport. 10 20 p m.

EASTWARD.

Sea Shore Express l'vs L Haven w 7 20 a m
" " " Jersey Shore. 7 48 a m
" " " Wms'port ... 8 25 a m
" arrives at Harrisburg 11 25 a m.
" " Phila ..... 3 15 a m
DAY EX. leaves Kane week days... 5 30 a m
" " Renovo ..... 10 20 a m
" " Lock Haven ..... 11 20 a m
" " Williamsport ..... 12 30 p m
" arrives at Harrisburg ..... 3 30 p m
" " Philadelphia... 6 50 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie daily ..... 5 27 p m
" " Renovo ..... 10 [illegible] p m
" " Lock Haven ..... 11 [illegible] p m
" " Williamsport ..... 12 25 p m
" arrives at Harrisburg. 3 22 p m
" " Philadelphia.. 6 50 p m
RENOVO ACN leaves Renovo ..... 4 45 p m
" " arrives at Harrisburg..10 05 p m
" " " Philadelphia ..... 4 25 a m
WMS'PORT EXP. lv.s Wms'port ..... 2 42 a m
" " arrives at Harrisburg. 5 30 a m
" leaves " 7 00 a m
" arrives at Philadelphia....10 20 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagra Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with R. P. & W. N. Y. at Emporium with R. N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with B. V. R. R.
ROBERT NEILSON Passenger Agent

FREE SILVER WINS.

Preliminary Skirmish in the Great Congressional Battle.

LIVELY TIMES IN THE HOUSE.

Speaker Crisp's Ruling Causes Some Very Severe Criticism—An Attempt to Postpone Discussion Until December Next Defeated by an Overwhelming Majority.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The silver fight began in the house before the reading of the journal, which is the first thing in order under the rules. Before the reading of the journal Mr. Catchings reported the resolution from the committee on rules fixing a day for the consideration of the Bland bill. Mr. Tracey demanded the reading of the journal. The speaker having ruled that the demand was not in order, Mr. Tracey appealed from the decision of the chair.

Then followed a scene equal to some of those common during the last congress. Mr. Tracey made a protest against the speaker's ruling, arguing that there was no right in the chair to recognize any member to make a motion until the journal had been read. Mr. Fitch (N. Y.) made a similar protest, as did also Mr. Cockran briefly. A sharp tilt occurred between the speaker and Mr. Tracey on the subject of the latter's right to hold the floor, which resembled very closely some of the controversies between the Democrats and Mr. Reed.

The debate bristled with personalities, and both the speaker and Mr. Tracey lost their equanimity. Mr. Tracey protested against the speaker looking at him in a certain peculiar way, and was sharply called to order. During this scene there was the greatest confusion in the house, and the speaker was loudly applauded. The decision of the chair was sustained by a vote of 194 to 53. The Republicans generally voted with the speaker.

Mr. Bland criticized the anti-silver men for their course in filibustering, accused Mr. Cockran and Mr. Andrew of violation of agreement, stating that they had agreed that if the consideration of the resolution were postponed they would have their forces here and not attempt to obstruct. Both Mr. Cockran and Mr. Andrew claimed that Mr. Bland was mistaken, and that gentleman, backed by Mr. Pierce, insisted that the agreement had been made.

A number of gentlemen injected themselves into the debate at about the same time, and many side remarks were heard indicating a feeling of considerable hostility toward the speaker on the part of certain Democrats. Mr. Lockwood asked if the rules of this house were more arbitrary than those of the last congress, and his question was received with applause from some Democrats.

Mr. Tracey subsequently made an effort to postpone consideration of the bill until Monday, Dec. 12, but this was defeated by an overwhelming majority, the vote being: Yeas, 70; nays, 202.

On a final vote upon the passage of the resolution reported by the committee on rules for the consideration of the silver bill Tuesday, March 22, the resolution was adopted—189 to 85.

BLAINE'S CONDITION CRITICAL.

His Family and Friends Much Alarmed and Apprehensive.

WASHINGTON, March 9. — Secretary Blaine is in an extremely critical condition. It is impossible for his friends to longer conceal this fact. His physician, Dr. Hyatt, puts the best possible construction on his case when he says: "There is no change but I hope for a change tomorrow." The servants at the house reply to all inquiries: "Mr. Blaine is no better."

There is no doubt that his vitality is at a low ebb, and that in his enfeebled condition the anxiety attending the Nevins controversy has had a depressing effect upon him.

His family is greatly alarmed, and those who know his true condition are apprehensive that there may be a collapse at any time. At 11 o'clock last night Dr. Hyatt was summoned to the Blaine residence, and a few minutes later he told a reporter that he would remain there all night.

Six Killed by a Hurricane.

LISBON, March 8.—A hurricane which passed over the Portuguese coast did much damage to property and to the harbor works here. A number of houses were unroofed. Six persons who were passing along the streets were struck by flying wreckage and killed. A number of others were more or less seriously injured by the falling bricks, tiles, etc. The river Tagus, which in some places has already overflowed its banks, continues to rise rapidly and threatens considerable damage.

Terrific Explosion in Ohio.

FINDLAY, O., March 9.—The nitroglycerine magazine of the High Explosive company, located two miles west of this city, exploded yesterday and caused a shock all over northwestern Ohio as if from an earthquake. Several farm houses were badly damaged, and thousands of panes of window glass in Findlay broken, but no lives were lost. A fire in the building caused the explosion. The loss has not yet been learned.

Pennsylvania's Adjutant General.

HARRISBURG, March 9.—Governor Pattison has appointed Colonel Walter W. Greenland, of Clarion, as adjutant general, to succeed the late William McClelland, and O. E. McClelland, superintendent of the middle division, Pennsylvania railroad, as quartermaster general on the governor's staff, to fill the vacancy created by the appointment of Colonel Greenland. Colonel Greenland is 45 years of age.

Lottery Men Arraigned.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—All the officers and leading employes of the Louisiana state lottery were arraigned before the United States court, charged with violating the anti-lottery postal law under an indictment found in Trenton, N. J. This makes the fourteenth indictment which they have been called on to answer in as many different states from Massachusetts to Dakota and from Minnesota to Texas.

Alger Announces His Candidacy.

DETROIT, Mich., March 9.—General Russell A. Alger left for California last evening to attend the annual meeting of the Fort Bruce Redwood company. He talked freely in regard to the charges against him and his purpose in regard to the presidential race, saying positively

FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

Condensed Report of Proceedings in Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—In the senate, among the bills favorably reported were: To pay the Yankton and Sioux Indians for services as scouts under General Sully in 1864; to provide for an investigation regarding the slums of cities. Mr. Morgan introduced a bill to provide consuls for the Congo free state. The Idaho contested election contest was again discussed, without final action. In the house, the following committee reports were read: From the committee on judiciary, defining the crime of murder in the first and second degrees; from the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, making Council Bluffs, Ia., a port of delivery; from the same committee, for increased pay of coast guards. The house then went into committee of the whole on the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the senate house bill authorizing the postmaster general to credit the late postmaster at Indianapolis, Aquilla Jones, with the sum of $2,438 was called up and passed. A bill to consolidate mail matter of the third and fourth classes was placed on the calendar. The senate resumed consideration of the Idaho election contest, being addressed by Mr. Gray (Del.) in support of the claims of Claggett, the contestant. The vote resulted in favor of Dubois by 55 to 5. In the house Mr. Walson (Ga.) called attention to a special dispatch from Washington printed in the Atlanta Constitution, charging him with corruption in the Craig-Stewart election case. He vigorously denounced the author, who he said was the speaker's clerk. The house resumed consideration of the district appropriation bill.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the senate house bill making Newark, N. J., a port of immediate entry was passed. Mr. Manderson introduced a bill to prevent and punish corporations and associations from making or using scrip or metal tokens of denominations of less than $1 in payment for labor or other debts. Mr. Stanford introduced a bill directing the purchase of silver bullion and the coinage thereof. In the house the speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Hemphill (S. C.) and Mr. Dingley (Me.) as directors of the Columbian institution for the deaf and dumb. Mr. Mutchler (Pa.), from the committee on appropriations, reported the invalid pension appropriation bill. On motion of Delegate Caine (Utah), a bill was passed for the relief of the inhabitants of the town of Ferron, Utah. The house then went into committee of the whole on the private calendar.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—In the house Saturday Mr. Tucker (Va.), from the committee on election of president, vice president, etc., reported a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment, changing the date for the beginning and ending of terms of senators and representatives from March 4 to Dec. 31; providing that the annual sessions shall begin on the secon Monday in January; and further providing that the term of the president and vice president shall commence and end on April 30 instead of March 4.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Among the bills introduced in the senate were: By Mr. Peffer, to increase pensions of veterans of 1812 to $25 a month; by Mr. Sawyer, to authorize the establishment of postal telegraphy; by Mr. Perkins, for the encouragement of industrial and academic education of Indians. The bill extending the free delivery system to towns of 5,000 and a postal revenue of $5,000 was reported from committee. The house spent the day in discussing the resolution of the committee on rules, naming Tuesday, March 22, for the consideration of the Bland free silver bill. Filibustering tactics were adopted by the antis. An effort to postpone discussion until Dec. 12 next was defeated by 202 nays to 70 yeas. The vote sustaining March 22 was 189 against 85. On the final vote 61 Democrats and 15 Republicans voted against the free silver men, while 49 Republicans and the 9 Alliance congressmen voted with them.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—In the senate Mr. Stanford introduced a bill to fix the duty on opium at $5 per pound; by Mr. Felton, to create the California debris commission and to regulate hydraulic mining. Bills were passed: For the relief of John W. Lewis, of Oregon, formerly receiver of the land office, allowing him $500 in place of fees; to prohibit the sale of firearms and ammunition to Indians residing upon reservations; to reimburse Major General Clay Goodloe, paymaster United States marine corps, $3,300 stolen by his clerk, who afterwards committed suicide; reimbursing $237,725 to certain taxpayers for commissions paid on internal revenue stamps printed from private dies; referring to the court of claims the Tice meter case; to pay the estate of the late John Ericsson $14,000 for planning and superintending the construction of the United States steamer Princetown. The joint resolution to provide for an international bimetallic agreement was laid aside without action. The senate then resumed consideration of the pure food bill, without final action. The house adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Congressman Kendall, of Kentucky, and the following were appointed a funeral committee: Messrs. Paynter, Mansur, Amerman, Bailey, Owens, Wilson (Ky.) and Belknap.

Victims of Berlin's Battles.

BERLIN, March 9.—The reports of the city hospitals for the last week show that sixty men were seriously injured during the riots of last week. Six of the injured rioters have died already, four from fracture of the skull inflicted by broadside blows from the policemen's swords, and two from complete exhaustion caused by loss of blood from sword cuts in the neck and arms. A girl of 16 years, who was passing along the sidewalk when the riot before the palace was in progress, was run down by a platoon of police with their swords drawn and had one cheek and her nose cut completely off. She is still alive at the Charity, but cannot recover. Several boys of 17 and 18, who were watching the riot sustained such severe injuries from the swords of policemen recklessly clearing the way that one will die and the rest are in a critical condition.

Mercier's Party Defeated.

MONTREAD. March 9.—The Mercier party has been defeated. Up to this hour definite returns have been received from nineteen of the seventy-five constituencies in the province. Of that number thirty-eight have gone Conservative. Twenty of these thirty-eight seats were formerly held by supporters of Mercier. Among the defeated are three of the members of Mercier's late cabinet, Messrs. Robideaux, Duhamel and Langelier. Mr. Mercier has been elected in his own county by a good majority.

Slaughtered the Wedding Guests.

CETTINGE, Montenegro, March 9.—A dispatch from Kolaschin, a town on the frontier of Albania, reports that one of forty Albanians who were escorting a wedding procession accidentally shot a Montenegrin while firing a salute. Though it was clearly apparent that the shooting was entirely accidental the comrades of the wounded men poured a volley into the wedding party, killing and wounding nineteen of them. The Montenegrin party was building a bridge.

Secretary Foster Homeward Bound.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 9.—Secretary Foster, of the United States treasury department, embarked for New York this morning on the North German Lloyd steamer Spree, on which he came. Mr. Foster is accompanied by ex-Surgeon General Hamilton and Mr. McLennan. Secretary Foster said he had heard nothing direct concerning the Behring sea negotiations. He hoped some modus vivendi would be found.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS

Items of Real Interest Presented in Condensed Form.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS DO AND SAY

A Chapter of Accidents, Crimes and Local Happenings Picked Up Here and There in the State and Flashed Over the Busy Wires.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 9.—Separate conventions were held yesterday by the two factions of the Democratic party in Blair county. Ex-President Cleveland was indorsed by both conventions.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 8.—Mayor-elect E. J. Arney was sworn in yesterday by Judge Sadler. The city councils, which is a tie, also took the oath of office. The appointments were divided between both political parties.

HARRISBURG, March 5.—State Treasurer Boyer is authority for the statement that the amount of state money now in the general fund—$6,500,000—is more than ever was in that fund before at the close of any fiscal month during the history of Pennsylvania.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 8.—Gottfried Kraft, a married man, of Williamsport, and Lena Mills, aged 16, have been arrested here, at the instance of the girl's father, who charges them with elopement. The girl disappeared from home a week ago. When caught they were at the Jersey Central station, with tickets for Philadelphia.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 7.—Ex-Mayor Wyman, of Allegheny City, who was convicted of extortion while in office, was sentenced to three months in the county jail and to pay the costs of prosecution. The chief of the department of public works and the entire office force may be arrested on charges similar to those made against Wyman.

PITTSBURG, March 7.—The boiler at the Miller oil well of Greenlees & Frost, near McDonald, Pa., exploded with terrific force about 3 o'clock in the morning, wrecking the engine house and instantly killing Con Dougherty, a tool dresser. A coal digger who was sitting by the boiler when it exploded is also missing, and it is feared he is blown to pieces.

PITTSBURG, March 9.—At Finleyville, twenty-two miles south of this city, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, a gang of four highwaymen assaulted J. J. McMillen, a shifting conductor, bound, gagged and robbed him. They also blew open the safe at the signal tower, binding the operator, but were driven off before getting any booty. They are still at large.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 8.—Mr. Charles M. Lawler, superintendent of the Williamsport division of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company, has been offered the superintendency of the main line division, with headquarters at Reading, by President McLeod; but Mr. Lawler states that he does not desire to make the change, on account of his wife's delicate health.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., March 5.—A fatal explosion occurred at the Marea colliery mine. John Butt, a Russian miner, and David Roberts, aged 45, were engaged in boring a hole in a rock tunnel. While preparing a blast it suddenly exploded, hurling Butt against the roof of the tunnel and killing him instantly. Roberts was also thrown against the side of the tunnel, receiving injuries which may prove fatal.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 5.—It is reported in official circles that Attorney General Hensel is preparing the necessary papers to institute proceedings against the Reading combine on the ground that the big railroad is in violation of the state constitution. The attorney general is not in the secret, but other officials say the step is probable. The Dauphin county court is the tribunal in which the case will be brought.

MEYERSTOWN, Pa., March 7.—The managers of the Berks and Dauphin Turnpike company, at a meeting held here, decided to apply for a charter to build an electric railway on the turnpike road from Reading to Lebanon, a distance of twenty-eight miles. This will head off the companies about organizing to construct electric railway between this place and Lebanon or between Reading and Wernersville, a road of which contemplated route is about eight miles of the turnpike.

PITTSBURG, March 8.—Robert McClure, agent of the Law and Order society, was arrested yesterday charged with perjury. The information was made before Alderman Reilly by James W. Scott, a news dealer on the south side. Scott was recently arrested and fined at the instance of McClure, who testified that he had personally purchased a paper from Scott on a Sabbath day. Scott has numerous witnesses to prove the contrary. The charge for perjury in Pennsylvania is severe.

YORK, Pa., March 9.—The sixty-fourth annual session of the central Pennsylvania conference of the methodist Episcopal church convened in this city this morning. A large number of dignitaries, besides a number of advisory delegates from other conferences, are present to participate in the conference work. Nine anniversaries will be held during the conference. The first, the temperance anniversary, was held last night. The presiding elder, Rev. John A. Demoyer, conducted the meeting. Addresses were made by Rev. D. Wilson and Rev. J. B. Mantz.

CHESTER, Pa., March 7.—A fatal shooting occurred at Ridley Park. Miss Annie Ward, a handsome young woman, who, until a week ago was a servant in the residence of Captain E. Chan, laid in wait at Ridley Park station and as Michael Gallagher, coachman for H. F. Kenney, was about to board a train, fired four shots at him. One of the shots took effect. Gallagher fell and was picked up by the bystanders and taken to the University hospital. He is thought to be seriously but not fatally hurt. Annie claims that Gallagher betrayed her. Annie is married.

PITTSBURG, March 9.—Officer McKirdy, representing the Law and Order committee of Allegheny City, presented information to Mayor Voeghtley, of Allegheny, and Chief of Police Murphy, now chief of Allegheny's department of public safety, together with detectives who comprised the police force during the incumbency of ex-Mayors Pearson and Wyman, receiving and appropriating for personal use money which belonged to the treasury. Mayor Voeghtley did not receive the information, but had taken legal advice.

WYOMING'S FIRST HANGING.

Charles Wall Pays the Penalty for a Most Brutal Murder.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 9.—Charles Wall was hanged in the prison yard of the Wyoming county jail at Tunkhannock for the murder of his wife. Never in the history of executions in this country did a human being face death on the scaffold with more disregard of his awful surroundings. In his cell all the morning Wall laughed and joked, and for over two hours before the execution he indulged in profane remarks. He gave no signs whatever of sorrow or repentance, claiming all the time that he was innocent and knew nothing of the crime. This was the first hanging that has ever taken place in Wyoming county, and it attracted considerable attention.

Wall murdered his wife Julia with an ax, on July 25, 1891. They lived in Centre Moreland township, and had been married only two months. Wall was jealous, and quarreled with his wife, alleging undue intimacy upon her part with Butler Wall, his nephew. Wall went to town, and his wife, not expecting him home, went to a neighbor's to pass the night. He returned during the night intoxicated, and not finding his wife smashed all the furniture and dishes in the house. He then went to the house of John Smith, where his wife was in bed with her sister, and attempted to cut her throat with a knife, but only succeeded in wounding her slightly. Mrs. Smith and daughter also received slight cuts. His wife went home. Wall soon followed, securing an ax on the way. Mrs. Wall saw him coming, and fearing he would do her harm ran out of the house and started to cross a lot. She had only gone a short distance when she fell, and Wall, who was following her, ran up and sank the ax in her head. He struck her the second time and left her lying there. Wall was arrested, and confessed the crime. When he came up for trial on Nov. 9 he entered a plea of not guilty on account of insanity. He was convicted, however, and sentenced to hang.

Shamefully Assaulted by Tramps.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., March 9.—Albert Strobecker, a young man of Port Providence, this county, was walking along the Schuylkill Valley railroad near Locustwood, when he came upon four tramps basking in the March sun. Without a word as to their purpose, they shamefully attacked him. Not content with their fiendish work, one of the men drew a knife and plunged it into Strobecker's leg above the knee. They then slunk away, leaving him to live or die, as the fates might decree. He was weak from the loss of blood, and but for his timely discovery by persons who happened by would probably have died from exhaustion. His assailants fled and left no possible trace of their identity.

The River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The house committee on rivers and harbors decided to close its hearings on river and harbor bills. The committee for two months past has heard persons from every section of the country interested in river and harbor improvements, including senators and representatives. Representative Blanchard said that the pressure for river and harbor improvement had been 20 per cent. greater this year than ever before. The river and harbor bill, he said, was at present nearly completed, and would be finished in a week's time.

General Schofield's Narrow Escape.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—As General Schofield was driving to the war, state and navy building his carriage was run into by an express wagon. The wheels of the carriage were blocked and the carriage was overturned. It was found necessary to remove the general through the window, but fortunately he was not hurt beyond receiving a rather severe shaking up. His escape was due to the coolness of his driver, who managed to control the horses, notwithstanding the overturning of his carriage.

Mr. Mills Has a Relapse.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Congressman Mills, of Texas, who has been progressing favorably through an attack of erysipelas in his foot, had a slight relapse yesterday, caused by an indiscretion on his part. He started for the Capitol, forgetting his condition in his anxiety to be recorded on the silver bill rule, but was intercepted by his physician, Dr. Sowers. As a result of this attempt at walking Mr. Mills is suffering from another return of the erysipelas in the foot.

An American Officer in Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—The news was brought here by the steamship City of Peking, from Yokohama, that on Feb. 12 George Gower Robinson, a well known English banker of Yokohama, was fatally shot by Lieutenant Hetherington, of the United States vessel Marion. The motive for the crime was jealousy because of Robinson's attentions to Mrs. Hetherington. The officers of the City of Peking say Hetherington's act was justifiable.

Princess May to Be a Royalist.

LONDON, March 7.—It is said in well informed circles that the queen proposes to raise Princess May to the dignity of royalty and increase her present small allowance by a considerable amount. It is privately announced that one of Princess May's brothers, who holds a captaincy in the dragoons, is soon to marry the daughter of a wealthy commoner, whose name is not altogether unassociated with breweries.

True Bill Against Mrs. Osborne.

LONDON, March 8.—The grand jury found a true bill against Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, who is at present in the infirmary of the Holloway jail awaiting trial on charges of larceny and perjury, growing out of her theft of a quantity of valuable jewelry from her friend, Mrs. Hargreaves, and the libel suit which she brought against Mrs. Hargreaves after she was accused of the crime.

A Most Brutal Murder.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Mrs. Kate Scanlon died in the New York hospital yesterday in extreme agony. Richard Scanlon, her husband, twenty-nine years of age, is a prisoner in the West Twentieth street station, charged with murder. He threw a lighted lamp at his wife, and she died from her burns. Jealousy was the cause. Scanlon was arrested.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Fourth class postmasters were appointed as follows: Maryland, W. J. Scott, Roberts; Pennsylvania, A. M. Lesher, Moshem; New Jersey, L. S. Cox, Merchantville, and M. Van Hise, Van Hiseville.

SENATORS OBJECT.

They Dislike England's Attitude on the Behring Sea Matter.

RATIFICATION MEETS OPPOSITION.

They Urge That the Submission of the Matter to Foreign Arbitrators Will be a Cowardly Surrender on Our Part—Only the Beginning of the Opposition.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Behring sea arbitration treaty was sent to the senate yesterday afternoon by the president, and at 3:30 the senate went into executive session to consider it, on motion of Mr. Sherman, chairman of the committee on foreign relations. The message of the president and full text of the treaty was read. There was nothing of an important nature in the president's letter, it being simply a letter of transmittal, and containing no recommendations or suggestion. After a short, concise explanation of what the treaty proposed an appeal to the senate concerning the urgent necessity for speedy action had been made on behalf of the administration by a prominent senator. An animated and interesting discussion, free from crimony, however, followed on the matter, and some of the remarks that were made showed a disposition on the part of some senators, particularly among those from the Pacific coast, to wage earnest opposition to its approval, if not to its consideration.

Several senators were uncompromising in their attitude. They held that there was no question as to the right of the United States to the waters acquired from Russia by the Alaska treaty of 1867, and contended that the submission of this right to the decision of foreign arbitrators was a cowardly surrender on the part of this country. Ratification under these circumstances they resented bitterly. Another argument urged against ratification of the treaty was that one of the arbitrators, Italy, had not the friendliest feeling towards the United States on account of the New Orleans affair.

Much feeling, almost general in its character, was manifested over the omission from the treaty of a clause renewing the modus vivendi, and some senators urged that a refusal to do this during the pendency of arbitration proceedings justified the United States in directing its armed vessels to seize any sealers, without regard to nationality, found violating the present law. The discussion lasted more than an hour and ended with the reference of the treaty to the committee on foreign relations. But yesterday's discussion is only the beginning of the opposition which will probably arise when the treaty is brought before the senate for consideration. The correspondence in the negotiation proceedings was not sent to the senate.

THE PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE.

United States Law Will be Enforced in the Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—At yesterday's cabinet meeting the question was discussed whether or not, under the conditions that exist now, the recently negotiated Behring sea treaty of arbitration should be sent to the senate, and it was decided in the affirmative. It was asserted that it would not do for the United States government, after having proposed arbitration, to withdraw from the arrangement made by its representatives and that of Great Britain to carry that proposition into effect, whatever position the other party might assume. This government, it was further stated, must show its good faith in the matter. Other means than the proposed arbitration could be found, and doubtless would be, under the new conditions arising out of the refusal of Great Britain to renew the modus vivendi, by which the seal herds could be protected pending arbitration.

President Harrison, it is said, fully realizing the necessity that exists for expeditious action, if there is to be any effective protection of the seals against poaching this season, will endeavor to reach an understanding with Great Britain as soon as possible. Should Lord Salisbury persist in his refusal to join in a modus vivendi, after receiving the reply to his recent note, sent yesterday, it is probable the president will notify him that the law of the United States against illegal sealing will be enforced against all vessels offending, and the usual proclamation warning poachers off the sealing waters will be issued. The programme, however, will depend largely upon developments from time to time.

A New Trial for Lingo.

TRENTON, March 9. — The supreme court yesterday afternoon reversed its decision rendered a few days ago denying a new trial to Lingo, the alleged colored murderer, and rendered a decision in favor of a new trial for him. There was nothing beyond a verbal announcement to that effect from Chief Justice Beasley, who said that under the circumstances the court was constrained to grant a new trial.

Forger Starkey Surrendrs.

CHICAGO, March 9.—After three years spent in evading justice, William Starkey, the alleged jury briber and writer of the Cronin decoy letter from Canada, entered the office of clerk of the criminal court yesterday afternoon and voluntarily gave bonds in the sum of $13,500 for his appearance. Starkey has been living in Canada since his flight.

NOTABLE DEATHS.

PARIS, March 7.—Admiral Jurein de la Graviere, of the French navy.

LONDON, March 8.—Right Hon. Sir William Henry Gregory, K. C. M. G., member of the privy council of Ireland, and ex-governor of Ceylon, aged 74.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 5.—Noah Porter, D. D., LL. D., formerly president of Yale college, and Clark professor of moral philosophy and metaphysics.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Edwards Pierrepont, attorney general and minister to England under Grant, and previously judge of the superior court, aged 79 years.

LONDON, March 8.—The death is announced of Louis Joseph Martel, the French statesman, formerly a member of the senate and of President Jules Simon's cabinet, aged 77.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Hon. John W. Kendall, representative in congress from the Tenth Kentucky district, died at his residence in this city at 9:25 last night, aged 58. This was Mr. Kendall's first term in congress.

COMMISSIONERS SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS.

In pursuance of an Act of Assembley passed on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1824, the Commissioners of Centre county will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Wednesday, the 13th day of April, A. D. 1892, the following described tracts of land purchased by the County at Treasurer's sale and which have remained unredeemed for the space of five years and upwards:

ACRS.	PER.	WARRANTEE.	TWP.
50		Andrew Coon	Benner
50		J D Harris	"
50		John Moore	"
100		J. D. Shugert	"
30		Unknown	"
383	163	Walbro Frazier	Boggs
300		Frank McCoy	"
46		Unknown	"
181		J.M. Lucas & J.P. Packer	"
433	163	Wm. Gray	"
50		Unknown	"
431	127	Martha Goodfrey	"
143	53	Chas Hall	Burns'd
415		Jesse Brooks	Curtin
400		J. D. Long	"
200		Jno Palmer	"
300		M. L. Atwood	"
100		Peter Smith	"
85		Wm. P. Brady	"
360		Martha Goodfrey	"
300	142	Jno. W. Goodfrey	"
400		Joseph Kelso	"
150		Sarah Lane	"
200		Mary Lane	"
433	153	Samuel Scott	"
30		John Curtin	"
150		Paul Custer	"
178	127	Andrew Carson	Gregg
446		Harry Spiker & C. Weiser	Haines
135		H. B. Cawley	"
100		George Fowler	"
196		A. Ward	"
18		Thomas Castonas	"
15		Joseph Thompson	"
288		Geo Seidel	"
437	108	Jno. Hartman	"
400		Bernard Grattz	"
106		——— Lowery	"
150		Unknown	"
125		Unknown	"
48		Daniel Beck	H. Moon
50		Jno. Irwin	Harris
400		James Reed	"
400		James Forbes	"
400		Wm. Harrison	"
400		Robert Patterson	Harris
407	92	Kearney Wharton	"
215		Martha Goodfrey	Howard
415		"	"
200	11	Wm. Chancelor	Huston
400		Job. W Packer	Liberty
30		Thomas King	"
½ of 200		Christian Nestlerodes	"
400		Mathew Leech	"
30		Thomas King	"
50		D Carscaddon	"
80		Robert Smith	"
108		Shaw & Lingle	"
20		Thomas Lucas	Marion
½ of 199		Paul Zautzinger	"
50		Unknown	"
150		Jno. Hayes	Miles
280		Martin Wister	"
170		Wm. Cook	"
377		Wm. Grant	"
200		Thomas Smith	"
480		Wm. Hamman	"
371		Wm. Boyd	"
419		Hugh Boyd	"
410		Thomas Miles	"
404		Peter Tripp	"
426		Samuel Tripp	"
280		Wm P. Brady	"
20		Henry Antis	"
130	123	Simeon Gratz	"
320		Joseph Fearon	"
250		John Housell	"
200		John Brady	"
17		Robert Lottimore	"
25		James Steadman	"
204		Robert Taggert	"
401	46	James Cumming	"
300		Thomas Boyd	"
413		Joseph Tripp	"
405		Wm. Housel	"
400		Daniel Seigfried	"
150		Wm. Cooper	"
100		Unknown	"
100		wm. Cook	Penn
383		Wm. Cook	"
20		H. B. Fulmer	Potter
100		Samuel Young	"
400		Wm. Harrison	"
122		Philip Eberman	Rush
340		Thomas Erskin	"
406		Barbara Snyder	"
433		Jacob Metzger	"
80		Unknown	"
433	153	Hannah Turner	"
209		John Burg	"
434		Thomas Grant	"
433	153	Jacob Slough	"
433	153	Jacob Slough	"
433	153	Kearney Wharton	"
394	117	Thomas Arthur	"
433	153	Mary Smith	"
216	80	Hugh Hamilton	"
433	163	Bennet Lucas	"
418		Casper aLwrence	"
323		Hugh Patton	"
200		Joseph Sands	"
433	153	Isaac Pritcher	"
100		John Copenhaver	"
321	58	Joseph Pimms	"
112		Geo. M. Hartline	"
433	153	Leslie Malone	"
50		Edward French	"
301	150	Geo. Pimm	"
348	139	Henry Pimm	"
214		Jacob Stout	"
80		Unknown	"
216	80	Robert Ralney	"
¼		Richard Langdon	"
300		Jacob Reiley	Snow S
433		Geo. Parker	"
169		Francis West	"
325		Wm. Banks	"
325		Wm. Banks	"
400		Alexander Martin	"
218		Samuel Dabson	"
412		D Carscaddon	"
400		David Williams	"
368	71	Jno. M Nesbit	"
360	144	Hugh Pimm	"
287	80	David Carscaddon	"
412	44	David Carscaddon	"
412	44	David Carscaddon	"
433	153	D. H. Cunningham	"
353		John Ligget	"
200		J. Z. Long	"
360		John Pimm	"
360	144	John Reiley	"
75		Unknown	Spring
433	153	Joshua Williams	Taylor
300		Jasper Welsh	"
434		Polly Williams	"
100		Daniel Beck	"
80		Jacob Beck	"
58		John Beightol	"
434		Hugh Hamilton	"
398¾		Ebenezer Brenham	Union
100		Samuel Phipps	"
383		Unknown	"
400		Jeremiah Parker	Walker
300		William Brady	"
500		Henry McEwen	"
59		Wm. Swanzy	"
25		Widow Morris	Worth
250		P B D Gray	"
¼		Unknown	"

G. L. GOODHART, T. F. ADAMS, J. B. STROHM. } Com'rs.

Attest R. F. HUNTER, Clerk.

Commissioners Office, Bellefonte, Pa., March 8th, 1892.

Bald Eagle Nursery.

FRUIT, SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES AND GRAPE VINES.

UNIONVILLE, FLEMING P. O., PA.

I wish to inform my old customers and the public generally, that I have about my usual amount of Stock on hand for Spring planting. My apple trees are of very thrifty growth, consisting of approved sorts for Central Pennsylvania. I will furnish price lists on application.

WM P FISHER.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DOCTOR

J. B. Hobensack's

MEDICAL OFFICES

206 N. SECOND ST., PHILADELPHIA

Are the oldest in America for the treatment of

Special Disease and Youthful Errors

Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Ulcers, Runnings, Discharges, Strictures, Bladder, Kidney and Skin Diseases, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Rupture, Permanently Cured by improved methods without detention from business. The doctor's success is due to his lifelong experience and study; to the pure vegetable remedies used and to the thorough examination and watchful attention given patients during treatment. A forty establishment is our guarantee of success.

Office hours, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6 to 9 p. m. All day Saturday. Sundays, 10 to 12 a. m.

Send stamp for book. dec2 1y

Miss Lettie Huntley,

Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley, of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the absolute truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She says:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sir: Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me

There Was No Hope

and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. **I could eat nothing** and had no action of the bowels for a week. The doctors said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

A Waste of Money

but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside, I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could only take ten drops of Sarsaparilla at first. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month **I could walk across the room.** One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years

I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on bended knees it was I. I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, and that alone, unquestionably **Saved my Life."**

Messrs. Sawyer & Jennings, the well known druggists of Cortland, say that Miss Huntley "is a highly respected lady; her statement of what

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has done for her is worthy the highest confidence." **Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills.**

1892.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE

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THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FAMILY JOURNAL IN THE UNITED STATES.

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——DURING THE YEAR 1892.——

SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE YEAR.

ORIGINAL ARTICLES ON PRACTICAL FARMING AND GARDENING,

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SERIALS AND SHORT STORIES BY THE BEST AUTHORS.

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NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD,

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ONMY ONF DOLLAR A YEAR.

Do not fail to Subscribe now for the NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD.

THE

PH ILADELPHIA PRESS.

DAILY, SUNDAY, WEEKLY.

A Family Paper.

WHICH IS

Clean, Unsensational And Just the Paper.

FOR THE

AMERICAN HOME.

THE PRESS has the best possible organization to secure news from the most important sources, and with nearly 400 correspondents in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware, the State and near-at-home news is covered with a routine carefulness and attention to detail not even attempted by any other paper.

THE PRESS has also the best of correspondents in all the great cities of the United States, as well as financial and railroad experts in Chicago and the West, who keep the paper more than abreast with events.

The colums of the SUNDAY PRESS are enriched by contributions from those whose names are written high in our lists of great authors, novelists, essayists, as well as men of high rank in public life. The best authors know that their best audiences are the readers of the DAILY, SUNDAY, and WEEKLY PRESS.

In politics THE PRESS knows no other master than the people and the past year has seen, as has been seen before, the marked fact that it is subservient to no political boss. It has no political ambitions to foster but looks after the interests of its readers, and delivers itself upon the issues of the day in a manner both frank and fearless, letting the facts speak for themselves, and evading no issues but meeting them on the basis of fair play to all men at all times. Its pages know no distinctions and the rights of one class over another are neither recognized nor supported.

Advertisements of Help Wanted, Business Opportunities, Real Estate, etc., may be inserted in THE PRESS for ONE CENT A WORD.

TERMS OF THE PRESS.

By mail, postage free in the United States and Canada.

Daily (except Sunday), one year, - - - - $6.00
" " " one month, - - - .50
" (including Sunday), one year - - - - - 7.50
" " " one month, - - - - .65
Sunday, one year, - - - - - - - - - - - - 2.00
WEEKLY PRESS, one year - - - - - - - - 1.00

Drafts Checks and other Remittances should be made payable to the order of

THE PRESS COMPANY, LT.
PHILADELPHIA PA.

Little Ones About the State.

A full meeting of the Indiana County Bar yesterday unanimously indorsed Judge Harry White for Supreme Judge.

Edward A. Bush, a New York horseman, visiting Lancaster was kicked in the abdomen by a horse yesterday morning and fatally injured.

W. G. Payne &. Co., operators of the East Boston mine, near Kingston, have disposed of their output of coal to-day to Stickney, Conyngham & Co., of New York.

The proposed National Federation of machinery constructors has fallen through owing to the absence of representatives that were expected to appear in Pittsburg.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Philadelphia Natural Gas Company at Pittsburg a dividend of 1 per cent. payable April 1, was declared the first in two years.

A charter was granted at the State Department yesterday to the Beaver and Van Port Street Railway Company; capital, $25,000 The road will be two miles in length.

Robert McGraw, a wealthy resident of Pittsburg, went to Mount Pleasant several days ago to confer with Father Mar, of that place, and since that time nothing has been heard from him.

From Pittsburg to California.

The third tour in this popular Golden Gate series, under the personal escort of the Pennsylvania Railroad, leaves Pittsburg March 24th. Space in the palatial Pullman vestibule train, composed of drawing-room, sleeping, dining, smoking and observation cars, is being taken up very rapidly. This particular tour, in charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, runs directly west via St. Louis, Kansas city, Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou, side trip over Marshall Pass, Glenwood Springs, and Salt Lake City; thence the train will be spent in California. The rate from Pittsburg is $355. The fourth and last tour leaves April 20th via the World's Fair City, Denver, Colorado Springs, Manitou, with a side trip over Marshall Pass, Glenwood Springs, and Salt Lake City. Tourists may return independently within six months. Rate from Pittsburg, $230, returning via direct lines, and $255 returning via Portland.

Application for space and itinerary should be made to T. E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western District, Pennsylvania Railroad, Pittsburg, Pa.

QUAY IS A CANDIDATE.

KITTANNING, March 9.—The name of Senator M. S. Quay was to-day announced in the *Republican* as being before the people for re-election, and as the name of John Dalzell was formaly announced last week the fight is now really on. It is understood that there will be plenty of money on both sides for legitimate campaign purposes, and as a result the hustle has commenced.

Both sides will make a hard fight to carry the county, as the people vote direct for Senator on the 26th of this month, and each desires the prestige of carrying the county. All local issues have been dropped and other interests are forgotten in the general hurrah.

Heirs of the Italians Seek Indemnity.

NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—Suits were filed today in the circuit court by attorneys representing the heirs of six of the Italions slain by the populatian at the parish prison on the 14th of March last, against the city of New Orléans, claiming damages in the sum of $30,000 in each case. The petition alleges that the death of the men resulted from a conspiracy and avers that no proper steps were taken to protect the prisoners, though the purpose of the conspirators was well known.

A SCHOOL GIRL ABDUCTED.

NORRISTOWN, March 19.—About two o'clock yesterday afternoon two women and a boy drove up to the school house at Sumneytown and asked for Katie Pflueger a 12-year-old pupil. The child answered the summons and was quickly pulled into the carriage and driven to Perkiomenville where one of the women and the girl took the train to Norristown.

The child was adopted eleven years ago by Jacob Kooker, of Sumneytown. Her mother is still living in this place.

Attorney-General Hensel Entertains.

LANCASTER, March 9.—This evening Attorney-General Hensel entertained most of the members of the Lancaster bar, who were invited to his residence to meet Judge David McMullin, recently appointed Associate Law Judge of Lancaster county, and Judge Latimer, of York county, who is presiding over the court here this week. There were also present Judge Simonton, of Harrisburg, Judge Binninger, of York, and Judge Bland of Reading.

Killed by a Train at Rosemont.

BRYN MAWR, March 9.—John Bell, aged 45 years, a farm hand employed by Dr. E. O. Shakespeare, near this place, was instantly killed at the Rosemont Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad by a passing train early yesterday morning. The body was taken to Pearce's undertaking establishment at Ardmore, where it awaits a claimant.

Church Roof Blown Off.

The heavy wind of this afternoon played sad havoc with the roof of the Presbyterian church blowing off the entire one side of the roof over the pulpit

HELPLESS.

Chicago, Ill.

I was confined to bed; could not walk from lame back; suffered 5 months; doctors did not help; 2 bottles of

ST. JACOBS OIL

cured me. No return in 5 years. FRANCIS MAURER.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

The Dairy Sweepstakes, The Creamery Sweepstakes,

THE GRAND SWEEPSTAKES,

and the COLD MEDAL,

Was awarded to Butter Made by the

COOLEY CREAMER PROCESS.

At the annual meeting of the Vermont Dairymen's Association, Jan. 12th to 14th, 1892. Is not this a grand victory, there being over seventy competitors; the three judges stating that it was the finest lot of winter butter they ever saw. This makes the

23d GOLD MEDAL

awarded. No system can compare with the Cooley Creamer. Send for Full Illustrated Circulars.

VERMONT FARM MACHINE CO., Bellows Falls, Vt.

Manufacturers of Creamery and Dairy Supplies.

A Matter of Great Importance To You.

IF SUFFERING FROM LONG STANDING DISEASES, DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, SKIN and NERVOUS SYSTEM as well as those suffering from

Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat Trouble

MORITZ SALM, M. D.,

SPECIALIST

Von Grafe Infirmary, Columbia, Ohio

WILL BE AT THE

BUSH HOUSE

Bellefonte, - - -Pa.

MONDAYS

February 8th, March 7th, April 4th, May 2nd—30th, June 27th July 25th, August 22nd, September 19th, October 17th, November, 14, December 12th.

ONE DAY ONLY

M. Salm, M. D. Examination and consultation free to everbody.

They will visit this county every four weeks, thus saving their patients the trouble and expense of visiting the city, as they are the only physicians and surgeons in the country who carry their own manakins, models, diagrams etc., to illustrate and make it plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their disease. This will give their numerous patients and others who are in need of medical treatment an opportunity to consult these distinguished physicians whose duties at the Institute will permit only monthly visits to your community.

Chronic Diseases of the Eye.

Such as Granulated Lids, Chronic Inflamation of the Lids, of the Iris, of the Choroid, of the Retina, Chromic Ulcerations, Spasms of the Lids, Cancers of the Lids and Eye, Tears running over the cheeks, Day and Night Blindness, Purulent or Mattering Sore Eyes, Gonorrheal Ophthalmia Syphilitic Opthalmia, Red Blotches or Brown ones on the ball, Phlycrenular Opthalmia, Opacities or milk white spots on the Eye, Glaucomia or cupping on the nerve, Amaurosis, Falling out of Lashes, Sores, Redness of Edges of Lids and other diseases to which the eyes or its appendages are liable, positive cure guaranteed.

Ear Troubles Cured

in an astonishing quick time. He will relieve you of all roaring, hissing and ringing noises, heaviness, itching, pain, running of the ear, will close up a hole in a drum of fifty years standing; will assert Artificial Ear Drums of his own invention with astonishing gratifying results.

A Word About Catarrh.

It is the mucus membrane, that wonderful semi-fluid envelope surrounding the delicate tissues of the air and food passages that Catarrh makes its stronghold. Once established, it eats into the very vitals and renders life a longdrawn breath of misery and disease, dulling the sense of hearing, trammeling the power of speech, destroying the faculty of smell, tainting the breath and killing the refined pleasures of taste. Insiduously by creeping on from a simple cold in the head, it assaults the membraneous lining and envelopes the bones, eating the delicate coats and causing inflamation, slaughing and death. Nothing short of total eradication will secure health to the patient and all alleviates are simply procrastinated sufferings leading to a fatal termination. Dr. Salm has by a treatment local and constitutional made the cure of this dread disease a certainty, and has never failed. Even when the disease had made frightful inroads on delicate constitutions, hearing, smell and taste have been recovered and the disease thoroughly driven out.

Chronic Diseases.

The Doctors treat no acute diseases but make an entire specialty of chronic and long standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, they most desire to see The doctors have treated 15,000 cases in Ohio in the last fifteen years, many of which have been given up as incurable some to be blind, others deaf, and a large number to be invalids for life. But behold how they see and hear and many are started on the high road to recovery every day.

The Doctor is surrounded with the largest collection of fine instruments ever imported to this country for examining and treating all chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Throat, Eye, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin, Brain and Nervous System Cancers, Tumors, Piles, Swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Headache, Debility, Depression of Spirits, Diseases of Children, Hereditary Diseases etc., etc., and in fact all long standing and Chronic Diseases.

Rectal Diseases.

He also makes a specialty of all forms of Rectal Diseases. Piles—internal and external, itching and bleeding, ulcers, fisures, fistula, which are often taken for Cancerous and Lung Diseases, all cured if taken in time. Remember he cures all forms of Piles without pain, interruption or detention from business, and without the use of a knife, Caustic, Ligature or Injection. Come and be convinced.

Diseases of Women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, Tumors, fibroid and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain no danger.

Manhood perfectly restored. Quick, painless, and certain cure for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrheal losses, weak and nervous debility, also for prostatis, vericocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cure guaranteed. No risk incurred. Free examination of the Urine—each persons applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopic examination. Small Tumors, Cancers, Warts, Moles, etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. New method Electrolysis, Epilepso or fits scientifically treated and positively cured by a never-failing method. Address all communications to Box 760. Columbus, Ohio. Examination and consultation free to everybody.

Our Advertisement will Appear Twice Before Each Visit

extension. Persons who live in that vicinity were considerably alarmed when the crash came, thinking the whole church was coming down.

Blaine and Springer Both Improving.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Secretary Blaine continues to improve. An inquiry as to his condition at his house today elicited the reply that he was all right.

Representative Springer's physicians are much gratified at the continued improvement which their patient is showing. This improvement, though very slow, is at the same time steady, and it is believed permanent.

Electrocution in Danger.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 9.—The Assembly Committee on Codes has agreed to report favorably the bill of Assemblyman Stein, amending the capital punishment act of the State.

The bill does away with the electrical chair and substitutes hanging. The bill is reported without amendment.

—The social in the Bellefonte Temperance Club's rooms on Thursday evening was well attended and all present had a good time.

—A special dispatch from York says that the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the M. E. church will be held in Bellefonte next year.

—In Centre county there are two public sales for every day this month. What a change there will be in the farming communities this spring.

—The *Gazette* office has a new geography. They speak of "West Allegheny street" when everybody knows that thoroughfare runs north and south.

—What a change in the atmosphere from yesterday. Then it was warm, raining and snowing. To-day it is cold as iceland and blowing young cyclones.

Among the collars in this office on Thursday were Wm. Wasson, of Pleasant Gap, and J. O. Clark, of Houserville. Come again, gentlemen.

—Mr. Harry Bush, son of Mrs. D. G. Bush and brother of our enterprising stationer, Geo. T. Bush, who two years ago went to Seattle, Wash., is now on his way home and may arrive here at any time. In the two years that Harry has been away he has doubtless greatly changed in appearance.

Thursday, March 3.

Rhode Island's Democratic state convention instructed national delegates for Cleveland.

A strike of English coal miners, which will take place March 13, will add 1,000,000 people to the ranks of the idlers.

The New York Board of Health yesterday discovered three more cases of typhus. All were taken to North Brother Island.

Ex-Senator Ingalls has refused an offer of $10,000 a year to become the editor of a new local afternoon newspaper at Kansas City.

The prize fight between Peter Maher and Bob Fitzsimmons at New Orleans last night resulted in a victory for Fitzsimmons in twelve rounds.

Friday, March 4.

The special enumerators engaged to take a new census of New York have completed their labors. It is said the population will exceed 2,000,000.

In the trial of the insanity case of Edward M. Field, at New York, Dr. William A. Hammond, the noted expert, testified that the prisoner was afflicted with paresis.

The recent gales on the coast of Portugal, in which 300 lives were lost, created 83 widows and 233 orphans, who are in dire distress.

Albert Auerbach and Ernest Biester, two leaders in the Berlin riots, were sentenced to six months' imprisonment. Biester was given three days additional for speaking disrespectfully of the emperor at the trial.

Saturday, March 5.

The president has recognized Leonce Rabilion as consul of Uruguay at Baltimore.

The condition of Congressman Springer, of Illinois, who was reported at the point of death yesterday, is much better today, and there are hopes for his recovery.

Starving workmen in Dantzic, Germany, yesterday pillaged the bakeries and butcher shops and distributed the food among them. They were finally suppressed by the police.

Cardinal Gibbons has addressed a circular letter to the Catholic archbishop and bishops of the United States, suggesting the celebration with religious observances of Oct. 12 next, commemorative of the discovery of America.

Monday, March 7.

The Searles-Hopkins will contest has been settled by the payment to Timothy Hopkins, the adopted son, of $3,000,000.

In a fight between negroes and white teamsters near Edmonton, Ky., four of the negroes were killed and three wounded.

The insanity proceedings in the case of E. M. Field, at New York, ended in a disagreement of the jury, eight of whom believed him insane.

The jury in the case of Burton C. Webster, on trial at New York for the murder of Charles E. Goodwin, Jr., failed to agree and were discharged. They stood eight for acquittal and four for conviction.

The London Times Vienna correspondent says that riots have broken out in the government of Toblesk, Siberia, and that Prince Galitzin has been appointed imperial commissioner, with unlimited power to suppress them.

Tuesday, March 8.

In a race riot between negroes and Poles at Niagara Falls, N. Y., one Pole was killed and three probably fatally wounded. W. H. Parker, colored, is charged with the shooting.

A dispatch to the London Times from Valparaiso states that it is possible that a new cabinet will be formed, and that Senors Matte and Altamirano will hold portfolios in the new ministry.

Mrs. Mary Himpler, of Brooklyn, aged 23 years, killed her good for nothing brother, William McGinn, aged 27. McGinn, after brutally striking her, handed her a knife and dared her to kill him. She plunged it into his heart.

A meeting of delegates from various trades unions was held in Pittsburg yesterday for the purpose of forming a national federation to be composed of pattern makers, molders, blacksmiths, brass workers, boiler makers and steam fitters.

Wednesday, March 9.

Green Campbell was convicted at Birmingham, Ala., of wife murder, and will be sentenced to be hanged.

John L. Sullivan has instructed his backer to cover a deposit made by James A. Corbett, the Californian, for a prize fight.

Negotiations are in progress for the consolidation of the four window glass plants at Bellaire, O. The combined concerns employ about 1,000 persons.

The experts who have examined the books of ex-Auditor Lavelle, who is under indictment for attempting to burn the records at the court house in Davies county, Ind., report that he is short in his accounts over $18,000.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the Stock and Produce Exchanges.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—The stock market was unsettled. Pennsylvania railroad was quiet. Reading was active and steady until shortly before the close, when it declined. The general mortgage 4's and the preference income bonds were firm. Lehigh Valley and Lehigh Navigation were weak. Metropolitan Traction and Baltimore Traction were heavy. Closing bids:

Lehigh Valley	56¼	Reading g. m. 4s	85½
N. Pac. com	23¼	Reading 1st pf 5s	73¾
N. Pac. pref	67¾	Reading 2d pf 5s	63
Pennsylvania	54⅞	Reading 3d pf 5s	54
Reading	26 7-16	H. & B. T. com.	32½
Lehigh Nav	53	H. & B. T. pref.	52
St. Paul	77	W. N. Y. & Pa.	8½

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8.—State and western flour, super., $3.10@3.40; do. do., extras, $3.50@3.90; No. 2 winter family, $4@4.25; state roller, straight, $4.35@4.60; western winter, clear, $4.35@4.60; do. do., straight, $4.60@4.85; winter patent, $4.85@5.10; Minnesota, clear, $4.35@4.60; do., straight, $4.60@4.90; do., patent, $4.90@5.15; do., do., favorite brands, $5.25. Rye flour, $4.25@4.30 per barrel.

Wheat—Dull, weak, with $1.00¾ bid and $1.01 asked for March; $1.00¾ bid and $1.01¼ asked for April; 98¾c. bid and 99¼c. asked for May; 97c. bid and 97½c. asked for June.

Corn—Quiet, steady, with 49c. bid and 49¼c. asked for March; 49c. bid and 49¼c. asked for April; 48¾c. bid and 49c. asked for May; 48c. bid and 48¼c. asked for June.

Oats—Steady, quiet, with 36¾c. bid and 37c. asked for March; 38c. bid and 38¼c. asked for April; 38¼c. bid and 39c. asked for May; 38¼c. bid and 39c. asked for June.

Beef—Strong and quiet; family, $11@12; extra mess, $9.50@10.

Pork—Firm, quiet; mess, $9.75@10.50; extra prime, $10.

Lard—Quiet, strong; steam rendered, $6.80 asked.

Eggs—Easy, fair demand; New York and Pennsylvania, 15@15¼c.; western, 14¾@15c.; southern, 14@14½c.

BALTIMORE, March 8.—Flour steady, unchanged. Wheat weak; southern wheat easy; fultz, 95c.@$1.02; longberry, $1@1.02. Corn dull, easy; southern corn active; white 50c.; yellow 50@53c. Oats steady. Rye firm. Hay steady; good to choice timothy, $13.50@15. Cotton nominal; middling, 7c. Provisions steady. Butter quiet. Eggs unsettled at 15½c.

Common Soap

Rots Clothes and Chaps Hands.

IVORY SOAP

DOES NOT.

IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

The Claggett Election Case Among the Things Up for Discussion.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—In the Senate to-day among the bills reported from the committees and placed on the calendar were the following: House bill, with amendments, for the better control of and to promote the safety of national banks. The several bills introduced by Senators George, Harris and Vance to repeal the internal revenue tax on the circulation of state bank notes were reported back adversely from the committee on finance and were placed on the calendar. An amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill appropriating $200,000 for the distribution of the mails in the rural districts was reported from the postoffice committee and referred to the committee on appropriations. Mr. Morgan offered a resolution, which was laid on the table for the present, looking to the establishment of an Indian military school west of the Mississippi river.

The Idaho election case was taken up and Mr. Sanders addressed the senate in defence of Mr. Claggett's right to the seat. Mr. Morgan made a legal and constitutional argument against the right of Mr. Dubois to occupy a seat in the senate. Mr. George said he had a conference with Mr. Teller who was to close the debate and it had been agreed that if he, Mr. George, were too unwell to speak to-morrow he would forego his right altogether. Mr. Teller confirmed that statement and remarked that he would not speak at much length. The Senate then at 4.20 adjourned till to-morrow.

After routine business to-day the house went into committee of the whole on the Indian appropriation bill. Mr. Peal, of Aark., offered an amendment providing that all Indian children who have attended or shall hereafter attend school for seven years, in whole or in part, at the expense of the government, are hereby declared to be citizens of the United States and shall not thereafter receive aid from the government in the way of a gratuity, provided that they shall not thereby lose any property right in any trival property. The admendment was agreed to. The committee then recurred to the Mansure amendment striking out the annual allowance of Captain Pratt, of the Carlisle school. Mr. Wilson, of Washington, sent to the clerk's desk and had read a telegram from Captain Pratt, saying that he had been incorrectly reported. What he had said was that the Catholics got more than double as much of the Indian school appropriations as all other denominations combined; that they maintained a powerful lobby in Washington, and manipulated politics to accomplish their purposes. These, said Captain Pratt, were general statements having no bearing whatever on the individual members of congress, much less on Mr. Mansure in whose general views I concur.

Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, said he did not think that any may who was a bigot on religion was a proper man to be at the head of any school maintained by the government of the United States. Even if Captain Pratt did not attack members of congress his mind was so wrapped in favor of religious bigotry that he ought not to be at the head of the Carlisle school. After further severe criticisms, the motion to strike out Captain Pratt's annual allowance of $1,000 was agreed to—93 to 57—and the committee rose and reported the bill to the house. The previous question having deen ordered, Mr. Pickler, of South Dakota, demanded a separate vote on the amendment providing that when vacancies shall hereafter occur in Indian agencies they shall be filled by some officers detailed for the duty by the president. The amendment was adopted. The bill was then passed.

Mr. McMillen, of Tennessee, from the committee on ways and means, reported the free wool bill which was referred to the committee of the whole, together with the views of the minority presented by Mr. Burrows, of Michigan. Mr. McMillin stated that it had been the intention of the committee to call this bill up for consideration during the latter part of the week, but that, owing to the illness of Chairman Springer, he would not call it up until Tuesday next. Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, and Mr. Turner, of Georgia, respectively, from the same committee, reported bills for the free entry of binding twine and cotton bagging and ties, which were referred to the committee of the whole, and leave was granted to Mr. Payne, of New York, and Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, to present the views of the minority on these measures.

—When the winter season is about over winter, in reality, has just begun

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

A LIVELY DEBATE ON THE "NO QUORUM" RULE.

A Dispute Between the Two in Which Both Lose Their Customary Equanimity An Evening Session of the House—Senate Work

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the House to-day Mutchler, of Pennsylvania, from the appropriation committee, reported the invalid pension bill, which was then referred to the committee of the whole. The House went into committee of the whole, Hatch, of Missouri, in the chair, on the private calendar. On division over the motion to take a recess until 8 o'clock the vote stood 85 to 84. Enloe raised the point, "No quorum voted." The chair stated it as "No quorum" and a lengthy and warm discussion between the chairman and Reed, of Maine, followed, both losing their customary equanimity. The chair ruled Reed as out of order in calling attention to his statement, between the point of "No quorum" and "No quorum present." The House then took a recess until 8 o'clock.

IN THE SENATE.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Manderson introduced a bill to prevent corporations from paying labor or other debts in bills or metal of denomination less than one dollar. Mr. Stanford introduced a bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to buy such silver bullions as may be offered and coin the same into standard dollars to such amount as may suit the general want or convenience of the government. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The Pure Food bill was then taken up and after speeches by Vest and Paddock, at 3 o'clock business was suspended while Messrs. Barbour. Pasco, Stewart, Colquitt, Butler, Dolph and Daniel paid a tribute to the memory of W. Fitzhugh Lee, late a representative from Virginia. At the close the usual resolutions of respect were adopted, and the Senate at 4.25 adjourned until Monday.

One Hundred Miles An Hour.

An electric railroad is to be built between Chicago and St. Louis, over which the distance of two hundred and fifty miles between the two cities is to be covered in two and one-half hours, or at the rate of one hundred miles an hour. In describing this enormous project the St. Louis *Republic* says:

The Character of the electric carriage or car is long, low, compact, light, but strong, having two pairs of driving wheels each driven by a separate and a distinc electric motor. The whole weight of the car with its passengers and of the electric motors comes upon these two pairs of driving wheels and is, therefore, all available for traction or adhesion between the rails and the wheels, through the agency of which the car is propelled. The top of the car stands only nine feet from the rail, which is three feet lower than the ordi nary street car. This brings the centre of gravity very low and near to the track. It has a wedged shape nose or front for cutting the air, which has the effect of decreasing the air resistance (a most im portant factor in high-speed locomotion) and of helping to keep the car down upon the track. The motorman stands immediately back of the wedge shaped point and between his department and the rear wheels is the compartment for the accommodation of passengers. In the rear of this is a separate compartment for mail and high-class express. The driving wheels are six feet in diameter, and are capable of making 500 revolutions per minute. The weight of the entire car with motors is but ten tons, while a steam engine to make the same speed, if it were practicable, would have to weigh ten times ten tons.

These electric cars will be both heated and illuminated by electricity, and will contain all modern conveniences for comfort. There will be no conductors or brakemen. It will be possible to stop the cars within half a mile, by means of the motors themselves and auxiliary brakes. One central power station, six or eight miles from Clinton, DeWitt county, Ill., will operate the whole road.

PRIESTS TAKING SIDES.

JOHNSTOWN, March 3.—A new phase of the fight of the temperance people developed to-day. On the section of the town on which the Johnson works are located, all the land was sold by Albert L. Johnson, who made it a condition in the deeds that no liquor was to be sold on the premises. There are a number of applicants for license from this territory, and the temperance people have employed attorneys to see if the conditions on which the ground was sold cannot be enforced.

In addition to the activity manifested by the Protestant churches, the Catholic pastors have talked plainly to their people, denouncing the liquor traffic. As three-fourths of the saloon keepers are Catholics, their plain words have created a great deal of interest. Rev. Father Kittel, in a sermon to his congregation, advised all his parishoners not to sign petitions for licenses.

Want $6,000.000.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Congress will be asked for an appropriation approximating in the aggregates $5,200,000 for the World's Fair. Five million dollars of this ammount is desired to carry on the work already begun at Chicago and the balance is wanted by the World's Columbian commission to meet the expenses arising under its supervision.

IN A DEPLORABLE STATE.

Ex-Senator Newmeyer Seized With Temporary Insanity.

PITTSBURG, Pa. March 4.—Ex-Senator John C. Newmeyer, prothonotary of the state supreme court, is missing. While en route from Jersey City to this city on the western express, Pennsylvania railroad, yesterday, he was seized with mental aberration and frightened the passengers by flourishing a revolver and threatening to kill a prominent Presbyterian minister, whom, he said, had gone away with Mrs. Newmeyer. He was overpowered and was taken from the train at Harrisburg. Later he was placed on the train for Pittsburg, but when it reached here he was not on board. He either jumped from the train while it was in motion or quietly got off at a watering station. His friends are alarmed and fear he has been killed. His story about his wife has no foundation, as Mrs. Newmeyer is at her home near this city and is a very estimable lady.

Prothonotary Newmeyer reached here to-night in charge of Sergeant McCann, of the Harrisburg police force. He did not leave Harrisburg last night, as reported, but remained at the Lochiel House and left for home this morning. He is evidently a very sick man. Dr. Shaw says he is suffering from an operation performed on his face three weeks ago and his condition is dangerous. He was taken to a hospital.

To Revise the Rules.

HARRISBURG, March 4.—Samuel A. Duncan, of Pittsburg; Hon. A. L. Tilden, of Erie; Major John A. Cogle, Lancaster; R. E. Shearer, Carlisle, and Benjamin M. Nead, of this city, appointed recently by ex-Lieutenant Governor Black, president of the Democrats society of Pennsylvania to revise the rules governing the societies met for that purpose at the Bolton House.

The whole matter of the revision was left to President Black and S. A. Duncan. It was agreed, however, that the ratio of representation at future meetings of the society will be one delegate to twenty-five members and, for every 100 members over that, one additional delegate. Before a club can secure recognition, however, it must certify to the state secretary that the dues of at least twenty-five members have been paid at least fifteen days before the meeting. This does not prevent the organization of small clubs, but if they desire representation they must recruit their ranks to twenty-five members. A change was suggested in the declaration of the society, which at present is very short and of a general character, and it was agreed to combine the Democratic principles of the national society with that of the state.

Y. M. C. A. in Session.

PITTSBUGH, Pa., March 4.—The seventeenth annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian association, Pittsburg district, commenced at Waynesburg to-day. This district includes the associations of the counties of Allegheny, Washington, Greene Fayette and part of Westmoreland. There are eighteen associatons in the district, with a membership of about 7,000. Pittsburg sent thirty delegates from the four branches here—the Central, Railroad, East Liberty and Lawrenceville branches. These four have a total membership of 2,750. Pittsburg has the largest membership, McKeesport the second and Washington, Pa., the third. To-night the meeting was opened in the Presbyterian church at Waynesburg, with a service of song, followed by an address by Rev. W. J. Holland, D., D., chancellor of the Western university. To-morrow morning the meeting will be held in the Cumberland Presbyterian church, at 9.30 o'clock. After devotional services the credentials of delegates will be received and the report of the officers read.

Death of Noah Porter.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 4.—Noah Porter, D. D., LL. D., ex-President of Yale College, and Professor of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics, died at his home in this city at 3:10 this morning, aged 80 years. In December last he suffered from an attack of la grippe, from which he never rallied. At many periods during the past few months he has been in a critical condition. Last evening the ex-President showed distinct signs of failure and from 8 o'clock till the end came he sank very rapidly. He was unconscious during most of the time. Two daughters survive him.

To Petition the Board of Pardons.

HARRISBURG, March 4.—Colonel Robert H. Thomas, of Mechanisburg, secretary of the Pennsylvania State Editorial association, has furnished each member of the association for his signature a petition to the board of pardons at its next meeting asking that pardons be granted to John A. Mellon and William H. Porter, editors of the Beaver Star, recently convicted of libeling Senator Quay.

Jay Gould Not Dead.

Special to the NEWS.

New York, Mar. 3.

The report spread all over the country that Jay Gould was dead is untrue, as he left Marshall Texas, at 10 o'clock a. m., all right.

ORGANS $40 PIANOS The T. Swoger & Son, DIRECT FROM FACTORY. SEND FOR PARTICULARS. Address, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

UPRIGHT PIANOS! FINEST FACTORY IN UNITED STATES ALWAYS READY FOR Quick Shipments of FINEST PIANOS AND ORGANS DIRECT TO YOUR HOMES.

ORGANS $40 PIANOS The T. Swoger & Son, DIRECT FROM FACTORY. SEND FOR PARTICULARS. Address, BEAVER FALLS, PA.

From Rev. James M Potts, D D, editor of the Michigan *Christian Advocate*, Detroit Michigan To say that we are delighted with the piano, does not express the fact. We are jubilant. If all your instruments are as fine in appearrnce and as pleasing in tone as this one, your patrons will rise by the hundred.

From Mrs A G Silverheels, Corydon, Warren county, Pa.: We are well pleased with the organ. Good tone and found to be as represented. jy23-1y

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS PENNYROYAL PILLS DIAMOND BRAND

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Sold by all Local Druggists. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH THE POSITIVE CURE. ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION 25 CTS 25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

THE LAST COUNCIL MEETING.

The Old Council Hold Their Last Session and the New One Organizes

It was just 9.35 o'clock this morning when President Potter called the old council together for the last time, and every member was present but two, Messrs. Crissman and Gault.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. As there was no new business the reports of the various committees were called for. These reports were very brief but all tended to show success in the past year and a stricter economy observed than during the year previous. As there was no business to transact bills to the amount of $616.61 were passed and council adjourned sine die.

Immediately after the adjournment of the old council the new one was called to order and the new members. Messrs. A. S. Garman and Dr. R. L. Dartt, were sworn in after which the body organized by electing W. T. Hillibish President and Issac Mitchell secretary for the ensuing year. They then adjourned until this evening at 7 o'clock.

A Lively Sleighing Party.

Quite a lively sleighing party from Buffalo Run passed through Bellefonte on Thursday evening, March 3rd. Their destination was the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Smeltzer, near Pleasant Gap, where they spent a very pleasant evening. Of course the ladies of Mr. Smeltzer's household prepared an elegant supper which was served at twelve o'clock. The following young ladies and gentlemen were present:

Misses Mamie Hunter, Minnie Reeser, Mamie Henderson, Della Heckman, Blanche Dale; and Messrs. Oscar Hunter, Andrew Reeser, John Henderson, Clayton Heckman, George Fishburn, Wm. Wetzel, Samuel Hoy and Jesse Hartsock. It was in the wee sma' hours when the party returned to their homes.

Miss Minnie Smeltzer has gone to State College to visit friends.

Messrs. Boyd Noll and T. L. Griest says the sleighing is good up the Buffalo Run road.

Rev. M. Leidy, the M. E. minister, preached his last sermon here on February 28th. We trust Mr. Leidy and his pleasant wife will be returned to this charge

* * *

Narrow Escapes From Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, March 3.—Fire this afternoon destroyed the large four story brick factory of J. B. Ryer's Sons & Company, tapestry and curtain manufacturers, at Frankford avenue and Westmorland streets. The flames broke out in the stock rooms on the first floor about 2 o'clock, and spread so rapidly that the employes, numbering several hundred, barely escaped with their lives. A number were badly burned. One woman Theresa Ruskin, leaped from the fourth floor, but fortunately fell in swampy ground, and may recover. The loss is estimated at $150,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

—Again Chili has got her back up and is now demanding an investigation. There is also some probability that Minister Egan may be recalled.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE OF PROF. HARRIS' PASTILLES FOR THE CURE OF WEAK MEN

THE PASTILLE CURE TRADE MARK FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY

(VITALLY WEAK). Made so by too close application to business or study; severe mental strain or grief; SEXUAL EXCESSES in middle life, or vicious habits contracted in youth. WEAK MEN ARE VICTIMS TO NERVOUS DEBILITY or EXHAUSTION, WASTING WEAKNESS, INVOLUNTARY LOSSES with EARLY DECAY in YOUNG and MIDDLE AGED; lack of vim, vigor, and strength, with sexual organs impaired and weakened, prematurely in approaching old age. WHEN WE SAY CURE We speak from knowledge of PERMANENT RESULTS in many thousand cases treated and cured in past twelve years, in accordance of our faith in Prof. Harris' Free Trial SOLUBLE MEDICATED PASTILLES All men, young or old, suffering from this prevalent trouble should send their address so we can furnish questions to be answered, that we may know the true condition of each case and prepare medicine to effect a prompt cure. Located in New York (after 11 years at St. Louis), we offer all a chance to be cured by the celebrated Pastille Treatment. We offer eight days trial ABSOLUTELY FREE. THE HARRIS REMEDY CO., Mfg. Chemists, 99 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK. ESTABD 1879. INCORPD 1890. CAPITAL $25,000

[Communicated.] DIED.

BODLE.—Icey Florence, youngest daughter of David. R. J. and Mary E. Bodle, died of pneumonia, Sunday Febuary 28, 1892, aged 3 months and 10 days.

Little Florence, yes, has left us.
Gone to be with Jesus blest
In that bright and gold en city,
There to dwell in peace and rest.

Sweet blue eyes, late brightly beaming,
Now are closed in Death's long rest;
And her little hands are folded,
Meekly folded on her breast.

Florence, tender little flower,
Jesus called her and he knows
Why he plucks the tender rosebud
Before the drooping, withered rose.

Yes, the angels bright have met her,
Bade her welcome to that home—
From its fair and blessed portals
She will never wish to roam.

On her head a crown of glory
Sparkles dazzling to the sight,
While in potless robes of beauty
They have decked her form so light.

And maybe, her little spirit
Hovers now around you here,
Gently beckoning you to follow—
She's so sweetly happy there.

Hear you not those childish accents,
Sweetly falling, soft and low:
Do not mourn for me, dear parents,
I'm a little angel now.

But, although we know that Florence
Ne'er again will meet us here,
Yet, we know 'tis we love Jesus,
Soon we all shall meet her there.

In the beautiful hereafter,
In the life that is to be.
Somewhere in God's sweet forever,
Icey Florence, we'll meet with thee.

M R.

Houserville, Pa., Mar. 5, 1892

I WAS DISGUSTED with the learned doctors after swallowing their costly medicine for over a year for the relief of catarrh in my head when I cured myself by using six bottles of Sulphur Bitters. My wife is now taking them for nervous debility.—Abiel Carter, Parker House, Boston.

"NO MORE DOCTORS FOR ME! They said I was consumptive, sent me to Florida, told me to keep quiet, no excitement, and no tennis. Just think of it. One day I found a little book called 'Guide to Health,' by Mrs. Pinkham, and in it I found out what ailed me. So I wrote to her, got a lovely reply, told me just what to do, and I am in splendid health now."

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound conquers all those weaknesses and ailments so prevalent with the sex, and restores perfect health.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints, either sex, the Compound has no rival.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.

Send two 2-cent stamps for Mrs. Pinkham's beautiful 88-page illustrated book, entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND ETIQUETTE." It contains a volume of valuable information. It has saved lives, and may save yours.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Lamp-chimneys cost so little that we let them go on breaking. We go on buying and grumbling.

What should we do?

Get Macbeth's "Pearl-top" and "Pearl-glass;" they are made of tough glass, tough against heat; they do not break in use; they do from accident.

They are fine, well made, exact; they fit the lamps they are made for; stand upright; the shade is right; they make a right draught for light; they are uniform. Both bear a label for your protection. Look for it.

Be willing to pay a nickel more and stop this constant expense and annoyance.

Pittsburgh, Pa. GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.

NEEDED LUBRICATING.

His Tongue was Dry and He Couldn't Articulate.

A line of stalwart 'longshoremen were loading a truck with coffee in bags on the Brazil line dock the other day while a clerk stood on a box taking tally of them as they reached the dock. Each man as he passed with a bag on his head called out: "One, two, three," for the clerk to tally by. When the 'longshoreman with bag No. 5 came along he glanced behind at his follower with a mischievous smile and said: "Tally fi-fi-fi-five." The stammering had its intended effect. The porter with the next bag, who had an unfortunate impediment in his speech, broke down completely. What he said sounded something like this: "Sis-sis-sis-ah-sis," then a thrill whistle and "sis-sis" again, accompanied by extraordinary contortions of the face. He kept it up for a minute and then walked to the truck with the bag, dumped it off his head and came back to the clerk. After stamping the ground and slapping his sides he finally ejaculated: "Tally sis-sis-six for me." After getting out the fateful word he turned on his tormentor and called him hard names by the yard and wound up by telling the boss stevedore who stood near: "I want to quit, I stammer."

"Yes," said the stevedore, "I notice it." Giving him a coin, he said; "Go lubricate and hurry back to work."—San Francisco Chronicle.

PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

—Arthur Howells is one of the neatest men in his attire. He spends six hours a day at his desk, writing usually from nine till three, with no midday lunch to divert his thoughts.

—Japanese women are merry little creatures, with sparkling, laughing eyes. The best writings of the country are from their pens. The girls age rapidly and soon lose their beauty, but never their vivacity.

—Rev. Mr. Mandell, of Cambridge, Mass., gives the poor and their children free rides in his carriage. In six years he has give over five thousand airings of this kind to those who would not otherwise enjoy such a thing.

—Queen Olga of Greece, who has just celebrated her fortieth birthday, became a grandmother at thirty-nine. The Empress Frederick became a grandmother at the same time, while the empress of Austria attained that dignity at thirty-six.

—Herbert Spencer, the renowned philosopher and author, is a man of medium stature, with pink-and-white cheeks and kind, gray eyes. His neck is encircled by bushy, iron-gray whiskers. He dresses in excellent taste, keeping himself remarkably "well-groomed" for a philosopher.

—When Mrs. Jefferson Davis began to assist her husband, soon after they were married, by acting as his amenuensis, her handwriting was too girlish to please him, and she determined to imitate his handwriting. With tracing paper she copied and recopied his manuscript until by practice she could produce his writing in fac-simile.

—It is reported that Dom Pedro is deeply affected by the emphatic refusal of the Brazilian congress to grant him leave to live in Brazil. The emperor's devotion to that country is touching, and visitors say that tears came into his eyes every time that Brazil was mentioned in his presence. All that he asked was the privilege of dying in Brazil, and this has been denied him.

—Senator Sherman in his library at Mansfield has a large fireproof vault containing his enormous private correspondence with prominent men and women. There is material for a magnificent autograph collection in this mass of letters. Among the most interesting, it is said, are the long, confidential and affectionate personal missives of the senator's martial brother.

—Miss Scidmore, authoress of "Jinrikisha Days," commenced her literary career as Washington correspondent for the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and other western papers, under the pen-name of "Ruhamah," that being the portion of her given name received from her grandmother. Miss Scidmore was a native of Wisconsin, from which place she went to Washington some years ago. She is a contributor to various leading periodicals, and has written two books. She has been an extensive traveler, and went to Alaska on the first steamer that carried passengers to that latest addition to the United States.

HUMOROUS.

—Examiner (in physics)—"What happens when a light falls into the water at an angle of forty-five degrees?" Pupil—"It goes out."

—A Rainy Day.—"Come in Jones—have a drink—are you dry?" Jones (shivering)—"Chz-chz-z-z-chz—Not on the outside."—Pharmaceutical Era.

—A Suggestion to Inventors.—"Dear, the baby's crying. Get up and warm the milk." "I wish the baby were like the stove." "How do you mean?" "A self-feeder."—Epoch.

—A New Style in Cellars.—"Pfwere's the ould man, Mrs. McCobb?" "Misther McCobb, ma'am, is at prisint on the south side assishtin' in the erection of a cellar, thank yez."—Indianapolis Journal.

—De Long—"Your daughter, sir, has declined me with thanks. She is literary, you know, and she says she is in need of shorter articles." Paterfamilias—"Um! Couldn't you get her to accept you as a serial?"—N. Y. Evening Telegram.

—"Did he literally steal?" said the horrified friend when he heard of a trusted employe's downfall. "Well," was the reply, "as his method was to fix up the accounts, I suppose you might say he stole figuratively."

—The compositor made the reporter speak of a female orator as a "strong-winded woman," when the reporter wrote "a strong-minded woman," but the proof-reader let it go, because, he said, that wasn't much of a mistake.

—First Detective—"Why was Sleuthly discharged?" Second Ditto—"He was accused of fiendish cruelty." First Detective—"What did he do?" Second Ditto—"He handcuffed a prisoner in New Jersey during the mosquito season."—Harper's Bazar.

—"Papa," inquired Johnny, who was poring over a newspaper, "is it a very bad accident when a man has his ear cut off?" "Which ear?" said Mr. Skinnphlint. "The right ear." "It is," answered Mr. Skinnphlint, with emphasis. "If a business man should lose his right ear, Johnny, he would have to buy a pen rack."

—On the Stubble Field.—Chappie—"I cawn't get the impwession out of me mind that I've forgotten something." Dumley—"Not your flawsk?" Chappie—"No, nor me loading tools, nor me compass. Here are me cleaning implements, shell extwactor and me cartwidge bag. Aw, I have it now. I have left me gun at home! Deucedly awkward, isn't it."—Brooklyn Life.

—Wanted to Be Consistent.—Mr. Weatherly was sitting in his office, when a young man came in and presented a bill for ten dollars. "Look here, young fellow, it seems that you people are in considerable hurry for money." "I don't think so, sir. You have owed it for a year." "Yes, for a year, but let me tell you that I am fifty-one years old. So you see there were fifty years of my life during which I didn't owe it. Just think of it—didn't owe you a cent for fifty years. Now I don't see what better record you want than that. Let time even this thing a little—let us be consistent."—Arkansaw Traveler.

John L. Sullivan Talks.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 6.—An Associated Press reporter this afternoon interviewed John L. Sullivan on Mitchel's answer to his challenge and Sullivan said; "I have read Mitchell's reply to my challenge and can only say that it is on a par with his entire attitude toward me. His assertion that he stood me twice and extracted a forfeit on both occasions from me is untrue as the records of the contest can prove. These men have hounded me ever since Mr Harrison and myself formed our partnership. They came here full of blow and bombast professing to have lots of money to back either or both to fight me, but on being called upon by Charles Johnston, of Brooklyn, who deposited $2,500 with the New York Herald they were found wanting.',

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all lung and throat Maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address Rev. Edward A. Wilson Brooklyn, New York

S20—1y

Fire in Jersey City.

Special to the News.

Jersey City, N. J., Mar. 7.

A hot shaft on the picking machine in the factory of the United States Carpet Lining company this morning set fire to the jute. Instantly the rooms were filled with flames and smoke. The machine boys were badly burned on their hands, arms and faces and only escaped being roasted alive by jumping from the windows and down hatchways. Four persons were fatally burned.

LOTTERY OFFICIALS ARRESTED.

Special to the NEWS

Louisville Ky., Mar. 7.

Two warrants were issued this morning and procedings began against the officers of the Kentuckey lottery. The officers were all arrested.

ASTHMA WORST CASES CURED TO STAY CURED IF UNCOMPLICATED BY ORGANIC DISEASE. Incurable cases declined. WE WANT NAME OF EVERY ASTHMATIC. Examination free by mail. P. HAROLD HAYES, M.D. BUFFALO, N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED AT ONCE... few good men to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Permanent position. Money advanced for wages, advertising, etc. For full terms address, Centennial Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill., or Cincinnati, O.

ACME BLACKING is cheaper at 20 cents a bottle than any other Dressing at 5 cents.

A LITTLE GOES A LONG WAYS

because shoes once blackened with it can be kept clean by washing them with water. People in moderate circumstances find it profitable to buy it at 20c. a bottle, because what they spend for Blacking they save in shoe leather.

It is the cheapest blacking considering its quality, and yet we want to sell it cheaper if it can be done. We will pay

$10,000 Reward

for a recipe that will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. This offer is open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

Old furniture painted with

PIK-RON

(this is the name of the paint), looks like stained and varnished *new furniture*. One coat will do it. A child can apply it. You can change a pine to a walnut, or a cherry to mahogany; there is no limit to your fancies. All retailers sell it.

—Country roads are now almost impassable.

—Sheriff Ishler spent Thursday in Philipsburg.

—The amusement season in Bellefonte is almost over.

—The snow has disappeared about as fast as it came.

—The Dubois opera house was destroyed by fire on Thursday.

—Leap year has just twenty four hours more winter in it than any other year.

—There will be no more entertainments in the opera house for several weeks to come.

—Put a rich man on a mule's back and the mule will throw him quicker than lightning.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Fleming, of Eggtown are happy. The new heir is a boy and weighs about 15 pounds.

—This is the regular meeting night for Gregg Post. Also the first meeting night for Bellefonte's new council.

—Saturday's Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette* contained a three column article on the Huntingdon Reformatory.

—Mr. and Mrs. George B. Johnston are rejoicing over the arrival a of little stranger in their house-hold. Congratulations.

—The season of Lent did not seem to affect the size of the audience in the opera house to any great extent on Friday night.

—The West Susquehanna Classis of the Reformed church will convene in the Reformed church at Lock Haven on the 22nd of May next.

—Between the State College Freshmores and the gallery gods in the opera house last night the audience was kept from getting drowsy between acts.

—Mr. Oscar Lambert died on Sunday evening at 5 o'clock after an illness of a number of weeks. He was aged about sixty-four years. Funeral to-morrow afternoon.

—About all the damage that was done to railroads, telegraph and telephone companies by the recent severe snow storm has been repaired and everything is now going all O. K.

—On Tuesday Miss Cassie Derstine was taken to the Philadelphia hospital to receive treatment for her eyes. She was accompanied to the Quaker City by Mr. John Blanchard.

—There came very near being a clash of arms between the high muck-a-muck editors of the *Centre Democrat* and *Gazette* on Friday noon. Why don't you fight a regular duel to the death, and that will stop the nonsense.

—The Democratic primaries in Clearfield county will take place on Saturday, June 18th. Candidates are coming to the front, and in great profusion, at that. The primaries are held three months earlier than usual. This change has been brought about by the amended rules of the party, which also requires all candidates to announce themselves at least three weeks before election day, and register their names in a book kept by the chairman of the county committee.

Spring Mills Items.

Mr. Steel, of Harrisburg, paid his friends here a visit on Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Laura Runkle, has returned home after a four weeks' visit to Altoona.

Prof. Ed. Crawford, of Tusseysville, spent last Sunday evening in this place. Edward, we are on to you.

Dr. Runkle, of Philadelphia, spent this week visiting his mother and sister at this place.

Miss Louisa Harter, of Jeysey Shore, but formerly of his place, is home on a visit.

C. A. K., says he is a gentleman. Prof., what do you say about it?

Stephen Moyer and family moved to Millheim on Wednesday.

Prof Rearick spent Wedesday in Centre Hall.

Spring Mills Items.

G. H. Long, spent a day at State College last week.

Miss Myra Goodheart is visiting friends at Millheim.

Mrs. T. M. Gramley and Mrs. W. A. Krise, spent last Saturday at Rebersburg.

Mr. Philip Long is visiting his friend, Harry Gerbrick, at Bellefonte.

Miss Minnie Zeigler, is visiting her sister Mrs. Bartges at Bellefonte.

Miss Sue Long and Mr. Henry Hettinger spent Sunday evening at Aaronsburg.

Miss Mary Shoemaker, is at Centre Hall visiting friends.

Paying a Dividend.

Mr. W. P. Duncan, assignee of the Philipsburg Banking Company, on Thursday made glad the hearts of the depositors of that institution by the payment of a dividend of 25 per cent. Depositors received their checks at the office of O. Perry Jones, in the Hale building, and had them cashed at the Moshannon bank. This dividend means the putting into circulation of about $100,000, which ought to help relieve the stringency in money matters considerably.

Death of Robert Bartley.

On Sunday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock Robert Bartley, aged about 17 years, died at the residence of his father, Mr David Bartley, on Willow Bank street, after an illness of about two weeks. The cause of death was inflammation of the brain. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house.

CAUGHT IN A BOILER.

A WORKMAN ALMOST COOKED TO DEATH BY ESCAPING STEAM.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., March 3.—John Sullivan, a boiler maker, was sent to make some repairs on one of the large Hazelton boilers. It was necessary for the man to go to the top of the boiler, about sixty feet, and then crawl through an eight-inch man hole. He was accompanied by James Connors, who carried the necessary tools for the work.

While Connors was standing near the man hole talking to a man inside he was startled by the hissing of escaping steam and was horrified to see Sullivan within completely enveloped by the burning vapor. The poor fellow screamed and tried to crawl out of the man hole, but half blinded and weakened by inhaling the vapor, he was unable to do so, and sank back where he was being rapidly cooked to death.

Connors being unable to do anything to help him, rushed wildly down the long flight of steps, calling to the engineers to shut off the steam. When this had been accomplished an effort was made to drag the groaning man out, but in his helpless condition and with the hot steam burning their hands, this was impossible, and not for a half hour was he finally taken out in an unconscious condition.

His clothing was hot as molten iron, while in places on his face and hands the skin was already peeling off. But one groan escaped the man to show that he was still alive. His body in many places is completely cooked and there is no hope for him, though he is alive at this writing and evidently suffering fearfully.

TRAGEDY AT DETROIT.

A Prominent Business Man Fatally Shot by His Wife.

DETROIT, March 3.—Charles W. Ayers, a prominent business man, formerly a partner in the Richmond Bacus company, was shot and fatally injured yesterday by his wife, Anna D. Ayers, at their residence on Bagley avenue. The cause of the tragedy runs back through a number of years but the climax was brought about through the Supreme Court rendering a decision dismissing Mrs. Ayers' suit for divorce, which was filed in October last, and dissolved the injunction restraining Ayers from entering the family residence.

Ayers, in consequence thereof, last evening went to his house and proceeded to pack up his personal effects. His daughter remonstranted, and he grew very excited. Mrs. Ayers soon came in from the street and a scene followed, the details of which have not been ascertained, but as Ayers left the house his wife fired at him with a revolver, but did not hit him. As he was on the veranda she fired again, the ball entering his breast and lodging in the lungs. Ayers was immediately taken to the hospital, but is not expected to live. Mrs. Ayers was arrested.

Telegraphic Ticks.

Cofrode & Saylor, proprietors of the bridge works at Pottstown. Pa., have notified their 500 employes of a 10 per cent. reduction in wages, to take effect March 14.

A. B. Farquahr, of York, it is said, has consented to succeed Benjamin Whitman as executive commissioner of the Pennsylvania board of World Fair managers, and it is added that he will be elected without opposition.

Ex-Congressman Steven T. Hopkins, of the Seventeenth New York district, was found dead near the West Jersey tracks at Pleasantville, N. J., yesterday morning. It is thought he fell or jumped from a train. The body has been removed to May's Landing.

During the absence of Rev. J. F. Geary from the parsonage of the Evangelical church at Schuylkill Haven, of which he was pastor, the Dubs' faction appointed Rev. A. H. Snyder to the charge and he took possession of the house and Rev. Geary's furniture. Rev. Geary returned and tried to gain possession and has been arrested on the charge of forcible entry. He claims that he simply took posession of his own, as his furniture was still in the parsonage. It is averred that he appeared in disguise and with an ax battered down the door.

Yesterday Abraham Lefshutz, a Russian Hebrew, brought suit for $2,000 damages against the Cumberland Land and Improvement company, which, he claims, is conducting a fraudulent business at Montefiore, Cumberland county, N. J., with offices in Philadelphia.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Samuel R. Gillam, of Philipsburg, and Nora Morarty, of Ashcroft.

Wm. T. Fredericks and Lydia Musser, both of Penn Hall.

E. J. Yearick, of Walker, and Elrie Deckery of Nittany Valley.

H. M. Allison of Lamar, and Clara A. Steele, of Zion.

D. W. Garner and Hannah C. Neidigh, both of Ferguson township

George Heverly of Liberty, and Mariah Creek, of Clearfield county.

Johnson Warner, of Snow Shoe, and Hannah Miller of Milesburg.

William W. Souselmam, of Punxsutawney, and Cord C. Baker, of Ingleby.

The Bering Sea Commission.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The joint English and United States Commission on the Bering Sea fisheries, held a long session at the State Department this afternoon, and practically concluded its deliberation. The members are pledged to secrecy, and it is therefore impossible to obtain any official information as to the result of their conferences. There is good reason, however, for the prevalent belief that the Commissioners failed entirely in their endeavor to reach a satisfactory agreement as to the best method of conducting the seal fishing industry with a view to the preservation of the.

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS.

Pennsylvania Three Month Soldiers Can Expect Pensions.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Assistant Secretary Bussey to-day made an important decision in the pension case of Rudolph M. Manley, of company I, Forty-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteer Militia. On June 15, 1863, President Lincoln issued his proclamation calling upon the executive of the state of Pennsylvania for 50,000 volunteers to serve for the period of six months unless sooner discharged. In pursuance of this proclamation the governor issued a general order calling for volunteers to repel the threatened invasion of Pennsylvania. In compliance with this order the Forty-seventh regiment was raised and mustered into the state service for ninety days, instead of "six months," as designated in the call.

The record of the war department shows that Manley was mustered in on the 27th of June, of 1863, and was mustered out, with his company, on August 13, 1863. During this service evidence on file shows that the soldier suffered a sunstroke at Hagerstown, Md., from which he has never recovered. Upon his application he was, in 1884, granted a pension of $24 a month, but on June 13, 1891, his name was dropped from the penson roll upon the ground that it had been ascertained that the regiment to which he belonged was not in the United States service, but in the service of the state of Pennsylvania. This is the position taken by the judge advocate general of the army in a decision rendered September 12, 1890. Assistant Secretary Bussey, however, after an elaborate review of the law and the evidence in the case, concludes that it comes within the first subdivision of section 4,693 of the revised statues, which includes among those entitled to the benefits of a pension "any officer of the army, including regulars, volunteers and militia, or any officer in the navy or marine corps, or any enlisted man," etc. The pension bureau contended that Manley's case came within the subdivision of that section of that act. The assistant secretary, however, does not take this view of the case and directs that Manley's name be restored to the pension roll. This decision restores to the pension statues the 50,000 soldiers who served in the militia of Pennsylvania about the time of Lee's invasion of that state.

HE KILLED A BURGLAR.

The Startling Discovery That Followed a Crime.

ATLANTA, March 4.—Harry Gray, son of a prominent veterinary surgeon and one of the best known citizens of this city, lies dying in his home from a bullet wound inflicted by a policeman who caught him burglarzing a house. Gray is now but 18 years old, and has always been considered a good boy. During the absence of the family of Mrs. Cox, who is one of the wealthiest woman in Georgia, young Gray effected an entrance to her house last night through a window.

When the members of the family approached the house they were alarmed at the sight of a light moving about upstairs. They summoned help and a policeman began a search of the house. As he pulled open the door of a closet he found a man with a black mask over his face, who shoved a pistol under the officer's face. But the latter was too quick, and before the boy could fire, shot him in the head.

When the mask was pulled off the discovery was made that he was young Gray. The boy lived opposite the Cox residence and was well known to all of the family. He confessed that burglary was his object. As he lay dying his father stood over him, upbraiding him for the disgrace he had brought upon his family.

The Lines Lengthening.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The lines are beginning to lengthen as the time approaches for a vote on the resolution fixing a time for the consideration of the Bland bill. The anti-silver democrats, headed by Messrs. Adams, O'Neill and Williams, of Massachusetts, and Dewitt, Warner and Cochran, of New York, are urging all the arguments they can bring to bear to get the republicans to agree to assist them in their fight. Thus far their efforts have not been successful. The republicans have not held any conference on the subject and no attempt has been made to bind the members of the party to stand together on the question of consideration. At present each member is entirely free to exercise his own judgment. A considerable number of the republicans are disposed to vote for consideration. on the ground that the bill involves an important question and one on which the house should be permitted to express itself.

SPRINGER BETTER.

Special to the NEWS

Washington, D. C. Mar. 7.

Congressman Springer is reported as being considerably improved this morning.

THE DEVICES OF NATURE.

How Some Mechanical Ideas are Applied Without Man's Aid.

Most of the skillful device invented by men for doing fine work rapidly can be traced to nature, where for countless ages they have been operating. The discoverer of each new appliance of mechanism might be shown that his idea was as old as the hills. It is suggested that the invention of the future will be those who carefully study the natural world. The stones of the mills are another style of the molar teeth, which grind all the grist that feed men and beasts. The hoofs of horses are made of parallel plates like carriage springs. The finest file of human manufacture is a rough affair compared with the Dutch rush used by cabinet makers. The jaws of the tortois and turtle are natural scissors. The squirrel carries chisels in his mouth, and the hippopotamus is provided with adzes, which are constantly sharpened as they are worn. The carpenter's plane is found in the jaws of the bee. The woodpecker has a powerful little trip-hammer. The diving bell imitates the water spider, which constructs a small cell under the water, clasps a bubble of air between its hind legs, and dives down to its submarine chamder with the bubble, displacing the water gradually, until its abode with fishes cantains a large airy room surrounded by water. In leaving its eggs on the water the gnat fastens them into the shape of a lifeboat, which it is impossible to sink without tearing it to pieces.

The iron mast of a modern ship is strengthened by deep ribs running along its interior. A porcupine's quill is strengthened by similar ribs. When engineers found that hollow pillars were stronger than solid ones they only discovered a principle that is very commonly seen in nature. A wheat straw, if solid, could not support its head of grain. The bones of higher animals are porous; those of birds, where lightness and strength are most beautifully combined are hollow. The framework of a ship resembles the skeleton of a hearing. Aeronauts try to copy the structure and movements of birds. The shipworm is an admirable tunneler, boring his way through any submerged timber and lining the round passage with a hard casing. The engineer Brunel took a hint from this animal, and was the first to succeed in tunnelling under water.

A Judge's Queer Action.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The trial of Edward M. Field was resumed this morning and continued until 7.15 this evening, when Judge Van Brunt stopped the counsel and said in a rather sharp tone: "Councel promised to finish this case in five days. Gentlemen of the jury, you are discharged." The judge picked up his hat and went to his private rooms. Counsel on both sides and the jurors were dumbfcunded. This action actually left the case where they began. District Attorney Nicoll and Mr. Cockran pursuaded the jurors to remain a little while until they could have a consultation with the Judge. At 7.30 o'clock Judge Van Brunt came back on the bench wearing his overcoat. He said counsel had informed him that they would finish in a very short time and the case was again resumed. Judge Van Brunt's rather abrupt action is accounted for by the fact that the case was to be concluded in five days in order to give the judge an opportuuity to write out some decisions which he will have to hand down in the general term of the supreme court, over which he will preside next Monday. Instead of finishing in five days they have consumed seven days, and the Judge has had to sit up nights preparing for his general term work. The case will probably be continued to-morrow.

CONDITION OF MR. SPRINGER.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—At midnight the condition of Congressman Springer is unchanged, if indeed, there is not a slight improvement. That he is no worse is sufficient to give renewed hope to his friends, as the nature of his malady is such that every hour he succeeds in battling away death means that he and his disease is the gainer.

Incidentally learning from the watchers in his chamber that the Associated Press representarive was in the honse, he requested that he be admitted to the sick room and even found strength enough to draw his arm from beneath the cover and grasped his hand. "I am no worse to-night," said the sick man, "and I believe I am going to get a fresh hold. If I can just keep down this cough which is stiffling me I am all right"

"Hurry Up."

When the attempt was made to give twice as many illustrations in a monthly magazine as were ever before published the "know it all" people, "it wont last:" but when the COSMOPOLITAN went even beyond that figure and continued to thrive and grow more popular, the fact became apparent that not only could it be done, but that the reading public appreciated it. So far the success of this brilliant magazine has never been equalled in the history of illustraed monthly literature, and it is daily finding its way into new homes throughout the country. The latest master stroke, in obtaining the service of William Dean Howells as Associate Editor, is the talk of the literary world.

To make the magazine still more popular, its Publishers are offering, for almost nothing, a choice of the original editions of the Memoirs of Generals Grant, Sherdian, Sherman, McClellan and Lee, if taken in connection with a year's subscription to the COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE. If you are not on reading terms with this popular monthly, write to the COSMOPOLITAN PUBLISHING COMPANY, Madison Square, N. Y., for a free sample copy; then judge for yourself.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

HARRISBURG, March 2.—The large shoe manufacturing establishment of Managhan, Bay & Co., was partially destroyed by fire this evening. The loss to building and stock will reach $75,000, fully insured. Two hundred and fifty operatives are temporarily thrown out of employment.

LONDON, March 2.—It is stated in insurance circles here that Mr. Ross, claim settler of the National Marine Insurance company, has been appointed British Arbiter in the dispute between Great Britain and the United States regarding the Bering sea.

LAMAR, Mo., March 2.—The jury in the Avery case after five days trial returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree as charged in the indictment. Avery killed James N. Miller, near Liberal, Mo., on September 22, 1891.

PARIS, March 2.—A French officer has submitted to the War Ministry a rifle that will project a stream of vitrol for a distance of seventy metres. He proposes that this weapon be used only against savages to prevent their making frenzied rushes.

Terrible Tragedy at Camden.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 3.—Early this morning ex-Policeman Thomas E. Mason of Philadelphia, who has been separated from his wife and five-year old child, discovered the mother and daughter in a house at 525 Ray street in bed with another woman and two men. He shot the woman three times and then cut her throat with a razor. One of the men who was in bed with the woman jumped out and threw an oil lamp at Mason, setting fire to the bed. In attempting to save his child, who had been plied with liquor by its mother and was in a stupor, Mason was badly burned about the hands and face. Mason subsequently surrendered to the hospital. Her injuries are not necessarily fatal.

An Assistant Postmaster Arrested.

PITTSBURGH, March 3.—Theodore Myler, assistant postmaster of Allegheny, was arrested this afternoon by United States Marshal Harrah on the charge of embezzlement in office. It is alleged that he converted to his own use money designed for special delivery stationery; embezzled money intended for uniforms of carriers and appropriated to himself portions of salaries due to clerks and carriers, issuing fraudulent vouchers for the same. He gave bail for a hearing to morrow. Mr. Myler is a son of ex-Postmaster John A. Myler, and has been connected with the Allegheny postoffice for twelve years.

Springer is Better.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Springer is rapidly improving. He is much quieter than he has been for some time, and the symptoms are under full control of the doctors.

He slept for some time this afternoon. The crisis appears to have been passed, and the greater part of the danger is gone.

After seeing Springer to-night his physician said that his condition is constantly improving, and that he now considered him out of danger.

Getting Reading for the Election.

HARRISBURGH, March 3.—The secretary of state to-day furnishes to the county commissioners of each county of the state copies of forms of blanks made necessary to put the new ballot law into operation at the next election. They are certificate of nomination, paper, official ballot, specimen official ballot, letter to county commissioners and sheriffs certifying nominations, letter of transmittal to county commissioners, letter of transmittal to sheriffs and watchers, certificate.

A Jolly Evening.

Garman's opera house on Friday evening was well filled with a nice audience who were bent on having a jolly, good evening and it can truly be said that they had it, too. "Grime's Cellar Door" company, with James B. Mackie, as the star, is one of the best specialty companies traveling and the satisfaction given last night was full and complete.

HANDSONE VERSUS HOMELY.

Who is that fine-looking lady that we just passed, Clara? Why that is Mrs Snow. Well, there, what a change; when I saw her last, her skin was so sallow and muddy looking, it's no wonder I didn't know her. What has produced that lovely complexion? I heard that she took Sulphur Bitters, the great Blood Purifier, and now would not be without them.

Mayor Wyne's Sentence.

Special to NEWS.

Pittsburg Pa., March 5.

Mayor Wyne was this morning sentenced to pay the costs of trial and undergo an imprisonment of three months in the county jail.

Sullivan On Top.

Special to The News.

St. Louis, March, 5.—1892

Sullivan this morning issued a challenge to all comers to fight him for $25,000.

SULPHUR BITTERS

The Greatest Blood Purifier KNOWN.

This Great German Medicine is the cheapest and best. 128 doses of SULPHUR BITTERS for $1.00, less than one cent a dose. It will cure the worst cases of skin disease, from a common pimple on the face to that awful disease Scrofula. SULPHUR BITTERS is the best medicine to use in all cases of such stubborn and deep seated diseases. Do not ever take

BLUE PILLS

or mercury, they are deadly. Place your trust in SULPHUR BITTERS, the purest and best medicine ever made.

Is your Tongue Coated with a yellow sticky substance? Is your breath foul and offensive? Your stomach is out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS immediately. Is your Urine thick, ropy, cloudy, or high-colored?

Don't Wait! Your Kidneys are out of order. Use SULPHUR BITTERS. If you are sick, no matter what ails you, use Sulphur Bitters!

Don't wait until you are unable to walk, or are flat on your back, but get some at once, it will cure you. Sulphur Bitters is

The Invalid's Friend.

The young, the aged and infirm are soon made well by its use. Remember what you read here, it may save your life, it has saved hundreds.

Don't wait until to-morrow,

Try a Bottle To-day!

Are you low-spirited and weak, or suffering from the excesses of youth? If so, SULPHUR BITTERS will cure you.

Send 3 2-cent stamps to A. P. Ordway & Co., Boston, Mass., for best medical work published?

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER

For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

GENERATION AFTER GENERATION HAVE USED AND BLESSED IT.

SOOTHING-HEALING

Dropped on Sugar, Children Love It.

Every Traveler should have a bottle of it in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure. Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price 25 cts. by mail, 6 bottles, Express paid, $2. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MYSTIC CURE FOR RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA. CURES IN A DAY

A New and Wonderful Discovery

which has revolutionized the treatment of these diseases. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears, the first dose greatly benefits. It is recommended only for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, but for these it is a quick and radical cure, as multitudes who have used it testify. It contains no anodynes and is perfectly harmless. Ask your druggist to procure it if he does not have it on hand.

Guarantee. If first bottle does not benefit you, druggist will refund money.

Write for treatise and testimonials.

PRICE, 75 CENTS.

Dr. I. A. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH

PRICE 50 CTS

IT IS THE BEST, EASIEST TO USE, & THE CHEAPEST.

may27-1y

Bellefonte Republican,

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Corespondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

BIERS & DILLON.

Local Department.

—Moving day will soon be here.

—Tuesday was a day of faithful rain.

—Did you see the large circle around the moon last night?

—Tuesday's rain succeded in raising the waters considerable.

—William Holderman, of Linden Hall, was a caller at this office on Tuesday.

—This is the month of public sales and movings. Are you one of the number.?

Mr. Benjamin Brisbin, of Lemont, was a pleasant caller at this office on Monday.

—The *Daily Gazette*, a new morning paper, will be started in Altoona in the near future.

Mrs. Isaac Maitland who has deen visiting friends in town, returned to her home at Williamsport, this morning.

—Recorder W. G. Morrison expects to move next meek into his own new house just completed on Bishop street.

Mr. Philip Waddle left on the 9.32 train this morning for Beech Creek where he will attend a leap year party this evening.

—The funeral of Mr. Henry Wagner occurred this morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of his parents on Spring street.

—The county commissioners are advertising the sale of about one hundred and sixty-five tracts of unseated land to take place on April 9.

—It is said there was a little shooting scrape at Julian Furnace on Tuesday morning. Several shots were exchanged but nobody was hurt.

—Rev. Bruce W. Cronmiller will lead the Gospel Temperance Meeting next Sunday afternoon in the rooms of the W. C. T. U. in Crider's Exchange.

—Rents are unmistakably lower this spring than they have been for ten years in Bellefonte, a fact which pleases the man who is compelled to pay rent.

—On Monday Mr. W. I. Fleming moved his family from their late residence on Lamb street to the stone house owned by the Hale estate on Allegheny street.

—What a terrible fatality? The *Gazette* on Tuesday states that four hundred million people are injured on the railroads every year. Isn't it awful, when fully contemplated.

—Bellefonte can glory in one fact—the assurance of council at its last meeting that the water tax this coming year would not be more than about two-thirds what it has been the bast year or two.

—Mr. A. B. Lucas and wife will, on the first of April, shake the dust of Bellefonte from their feet and move to Emporium, Cameron County, where Mr. Lucas will engage in business for himself.

—Fred S. Dunham, the enterprising proprietor of the news stand near the diamond, is somewhat recovered to-day from a brief illness which commenced on Tuesday evening by a fainting spell.

—Mrs. C. T. Alexander, who has resided at State College for the past year or two, will on the first of next month move to Bellefonte and occupy one of Mr. Zeller's new houses on Howard street.

—On Monday news agent, F. S. Dunham, disposed of over three hundred copies of the Philadelphia Sunday *Times* because of the article it contained on our worthy townsman, ex-Governor Curtin.

—One of the most solid banking institutions in the United States is the Chemical National Bank, of New York. At present the stock of that bank is worth over four thousand dollars per share and cannot be purchased even at that enormous figure.

—A company is being organized to erect glass works at Morrellville, near Johnstown. The capital stock is fixed at $30,000 at $10 a share. The subscriptions are not binding until $20,000 is subscribed. If there is any place in the State where glass worke would be "right at home" it would be in Huntingdon, where the glass sand comes from, and there is plenty of other material necessary for a plant near by.

—The Forty-ninth regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, intend holding their annual reunion in Altoona on the 4th and 5th days of May next, and for the purpose of making necessary arrangements, the committee consisting of R. S. Westbrook, G. A. McClellan, S. B. Miller and E. W. H. Kreider, met at the restaurant of R. S. Westbrook, 1601 Eleventh avenue, Monday evening and elected R. S. Westbrook chairman and E. W. H. Kreider secretary.

—The glitter and charm of romantic, not real life, are to be found in the stories that the publishers of Town Topics are sending out in book form under the title "Tales From Town Topics." In the third number of the publication, which has just come to hand, the usual light and fascinating treatment of strange themes distinguishes the fiction that is presented while the wit is as daring and the poems as excellent as any that have already sprung from the same fountain head. Town Topics, 21 West 23d street, New York.

IN ITS FIRST SESSION.

WORK OF NEW COUNCIL IN MEETING NO. 1.

The Standing Committees for the Ensuing Year; Also the Other Officials Elected. How the Finance Stands.

Council convened at 7.05 p. m. with President Hillibish in the chair and seven members present, Mr. A. S. Garman being the only new member in the room. The clerk read the minutes of the special morning meeting.

The President then gave to the clerk his appointment of the standing committees, which were as follows:

Finance—Geo. L. Potter, chairman; S. H. Williams and A. S. Garman.

Street—Issac Longacre, chairman; Geo. L. Potter and Wm. Jamison.

Water—S. H. Williams, chairman; Isaac Longacre and V. Bauer.

Market—R. L. Dartt, chairman; W. H. Crissman snd V. Bauer.

Fire and Police—W. H. Crissman, chairman; Issac Longacre and A. S. Garman.

Nuisance—Wm. Jamison, chairman: R. L. Dartt and A. S. Garman.

The next in order was the election of an engineer for the water works. Mr. Longacre nominated Samuel Ryan and Dr. Dartt nominated Geo. Rodgers. An application for the position from Mr. Rodgers was also read. A vote was then taken which resulted in giving Ryan 6 votes and Rodgers 1, Ryan then being declared elected.

For Street Commissioner Crissman nominated Thomas Shaughensey. This being the only nomination the clerk cast the ballot and Mr. Shaughensey was declared elected.

For Borough Solicitor Clement Dale, Esq., was unaminously elected.

The next in order, by suggestion of Mr. Potter, was a consideration of the wages to be paid the water works engineer and the street commissioner. Mr. Potter moved that the wages of the Superintendent of water works be $2.75 per day and he be required to do all ordinary repairing and keep the reservoir full without any additional expense to the borough. Crissman seconded the motion. Council so voted. Mr. Potter moved that the wages of the street commissioner for the four months of November, December, January and February be $1.25 per day, and for the other eight months $1.50 per day for every day he works. Bauer seconded the motion, which upon vote of council was carried.

The election of a borough engineer was postponed indefinitely.

The election of police officers was postponed until next meeting night.

The clerk read a statement of the financial condition of the borough of the present time as compared with the condition of one year ago. Also a statement of the expenditures of the several committees.

Just st this time Mrs. Bradley appeared and asked exoneration of taxes for the years 1890 and 1891. Also Mr. Potter presented a petition of Harry Landis for exoneration of taxes for 1891. In regard to the these requests the same were referred to the finance committee for investigation with power to act.

Leander Green presented his bond in the sum of three hundred dollars, signed by C. M. Rower and H. Y. Stitzer, for the office of High Constable. The bond was approved.

There being no other business before council it adjourned to meet in two weeks.

Following we give a statement of the borough finances as rendered council by borough treasurer, Charles F. Cook:

Expenditures

Bal. due Treas. Mar 1, '91		$3047 61
Boro orders paid	$6401.20	
Water "	6437.75	
Interest on Bonded debt	7439.00	
" " Loans	600.48	
State Tax on Bonded debt	356.32	
Treas.' Salary, Postage, etc	305.00	$21599.84
		24587.45

Receipts.

From S. D. Ray, '90 tax	$2070.40	
" '91	13904 47	
" Water rents	890.75	
" Clement Dale, Solicitor	64.26	
" Street Commissioners	77 75	
" Market Clerk	92.45	
" High Constable	4.00	
" Liquor License	256.50	$17430.18
Bal. due Treas Mar 7, '92		$7157 27

Sinking Fund Acct.

Bal. in hands of Treas. Mar 2, '91	$12803.75
Rec'd Int. on Gas Co. bond	225 60
" " " Boro. "	539.00
" " " Loans to Boro	270.00
Bal. in hands of Treas. Mar 7, '92	$11938.35

The Sinking Fund is made up as follows:

Borough Bonds	$7700.00
Gas Co "	4760.00
Due from Borough	1350.00
Making a total of	$12810 00

We also give as follows Clerk Mitchell's statement of the expenditures of the various standing committees during the year ending March 7, '92:

Water Committee for Works.

Paid Engineer	$876.75	
" Fireman	367.75	
" Coal	1526.70	
" Printing	12.10	
" Light	22.65	
" Insurance	40.00	
" New Pump	2508 41	
" Supplies	141.90	
" Repairs	81.36	
" New Work	262 20	$5,841.82

For Water Pipes.

Paid Reservoir	$,144.24	
" Supplies	54.19	
" Repairs	262.52	
" New Work	39.87	
" Stand pipe	238.22	
" Board of appeal and Ass't	101.00	$839.84
Making total		$6681.66

Street Committee.

Paid Labor	$940.74	
" Horse and Cart	196.37	
" Stone	172.50	
" Lumber	402.36	
" Hardware	31.31	
" Engineer	217 12	
" Printing	62.75	
" Light	2650.37	$4673 52

Fire and Police Committee

Paid Fire companies	$336.73	
" Police	948.51	
" Lock up	19.65	
" Printing	4.95	$139.083

Nuisance Committee.

Paid Pound	$17.00	
" Burying Animals	5.50	22.50

Market Committee

Paid Market Clerk	$15.25	$15,25

Finance Committee

Paid Clerk	$150.00	
" Solicitor	50.00	
" Janitor	12.50	
" Stationery and Printing	36.28	
" Damages and Costs	35.30	
" Mrs. Curtin, for lot	468.00	
" Auditors	80 00	$832.08
Total		$6853.18
Making a grand total of expenses of		$13534.84

ANOTHER ONE IN LIMBO.

Spring Garden's Ex-President Arrested.

Philadelphia, March 7.—Nelson F. Evans, ex-President of the Spring Garden Insurance Company, and a former director of the broken Spring Garden bank, was arrested this afternoon for connection with the frauds perpetrated by the officials of the broken banking institution. Evans resigned the presidency of the Spring Garden Insurance Company when the bank failed and the Kenney's were arrested.

Evans was arrested on an affidavit sworn to by Alderman Albert Barrett, the special agent of the Treasury Department. He is also charged with misapplying $60,000 of the funds of the Spring Garden Bank, aided and abetted by Frank and Harry Kennedy, both of whom are now in prison. He was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Bell, and held in $15000 bail for a further hearing next Wednesday.

After bail had been entered, Mr. Evans said that the whole prosecution was a mistake. "I never had anything to do with keeping the books of the bank," said he. "I have not been made familiar with the facts upon which the charge is based, and although I am still in ignorance of the matter, I have no hesitation in saying that it is all a mistake."

Beats Gogebic Badly.

Duluth, March 6.—The iron mining craze continues with increasing force. The companies incorporated to date exceed $100,000,000 in capitalization, and the larger number of them have iron in sight on their lands on the Mesabi rang. Three railroads are aiming for the iron country and confident of shipping ore this season. Daily excursions of capitalists from all parts of the country to the range are being made.

State Geologist Winchell, who made the range a study for years, was a member of a big party yesterday. He said the Mestbi range showed twice as much ore after four months of development as the Gogebic after four months' work. "I fairly believe that this range will ship 200,000 tons of ore this year," he said. "The quality of these ores I consider fully equal to that of the Gogebic, while their product I believe to be much Greater."

Corbett Challenges Sullivan.

New York, March 7.—W. A. Brady, manager for James J. Corbett, to-day put up a forfeit of $1,000 in this city and issued a challenge to John L. Sullivan to fight for $10.000 a side, and the largest purse that any club will give. Brady said that he would add $1,500 making a forfeit of $2500 in all as soon as he learned that Sullivan had indicated a willingness to meet Corbett.

Brady adds that Corbett will sign to fight in August or September, or whenever it suits Sullivan best. All we want, concluded Brady, is a sign from him that he will make the match.

Lou Smith's Great Snow.

Forty-nine years ago, dating from Monday last, a snow four feet in depth fell, and it was general all over Pennsylvania, and since has been spoken of as the "great snow," when at all mentioned. The writer then a lad of ten, managed through or under it to his teacher's residence, only to find that there would be no school that day. In the afternoon one of the large lads took him home, as it would have been impossible to get back unaided. The snow furnished good sledding till the middle of April.—Meyersdale Commercial.

BANKER KAIL ALL RIGHT.

Mt. Pleasant, March 6.—Reports sent out from here last night regarding the absence of Kail, the foreigner who has been doing a banking business here, seem to have been unfounded. The depositors took alarm too soon, growing excited with the spreading of the report, some of them started to look Kail up, while others indulged in loud talk.

Mr. Kail was only absent on business and was seen as usual with his friends to-day.

Pennsy Trainmen Have Grievances.

Harrisburg, March 6.—The Committee on Grievances of the Pennsylvania Railroad freight employes of the Middle and Philadelphia divisions reported to a meeting of employes to-day. A joint committee of ten from each division was appointed to confer with Superintendent Gucker, of Philadelphia. The prindipal grievance is extra time without extra compensation.

Municipal Elections In Maine.

Augusta, March 8.—Municipal elections took place in a number of cities in this state Monday. The Republicans were victorious in Rockland, Deering, Bath, Halliwell, Saco and Auburn, electing their candidates for Mayor and a majority of Councils. The Democrats carried Lewistown, Rockland and Portland. The result in the latter place was a great surp[rise.

WANT A GRADED SCHOOL.

And the School Board are Fighting Over Its Location.

The citizen of Halfmoon township, that most peaceful and blessed portion of Centre county located like a beautiful oasis between the Bald Eagle ridge and the barrens in the south western end of Centre county, have come to the conclusion—a very wise one, by the way—that a graded school in the township is one of the present necessities. In this respect they display a purpose which means their intention to keep abreast in things educational.

But what is now very severely agitating the minds of the members of the school board in particular and every father and mother in general is just the place where the new school should be located. Of course, in all reason and with a spirit of fairness it would seem as if the most central point obtainable would be just the spot to select as the proper place where the more advanced young ladies and gentlemen could study to the best advantage, but just here is the sticking point.

In that township it has always been Stormstown against all the rest, and as that modest village is located almost at the one end of the township, all the rest is now up in arms and kicking against what they consider unjust discrimination in the board of directors, the majority of whom favor Stormstown. And this has caused a declaration of war on the part of the ever meek and long suffering farmers and they now declare that if the school board locates the school in Stormstown they will at once petition to the court to grant a rule allowing the citizens to vote on the question of the proper place for its location.

And then, they threaten to go still farther in an endeavor to have the polls moved from Stormstown to a more central point. This latter would be a hard stroke on the local politicians of that township, as most of them are located in Stormstown and it is there where all the political pots of the past have been filled up and kept at boiling point, and if the polls were moved it might break up the ring power and allow a more fair minded ballot to be cast. Therefore it is with anxious hearts the citizens of the lower end await some decisive action, and it may be that ere long there will be material furnished for a more lengthy article on this score.

Death of John W. Bullock.

Seven weeks ago John W. Bullock was seized with a severe attack of la grippe and the dread disease soon developed into pneumonia from which he was confined to his bed for five weeks, until yesterday at 12.45 o'clock when death relieved him of his suffering. The remains will be taken from his late home on Bald Eagle street to the First Methodist Eqiscopal church where funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at half past three o'clock, and interment in Tyrone cemetery will follow.

John W. Bullock was born at Zion, Centre county, January 17, 1850, being aged therefore forty-two years, one month and eighteen days. He has been a resident of Tyrone for several years, having been engaged most of the time in the sale and erection of farming implements. Surviving him are his wife, Mrs. Mary E., and one son, william H., aged fourteen years; his mother who resided at Franklinville: two brothers and one sister, Robert, of Franklinville; George, of Noble county, Minnesota; Mrs. Mary J. Heckernell, of Alexandria.—Monday's Tyrone *Herald*.

A MARKED IMPROVEMENT.

No exchange is welcomed to our tables more eagerly than Frank Leslie's Illustrated Weekly. It has this week all the improvements which have been gradually taking place in its pages. In make-up and pictures it ranks not only with the best American weeklies, but with the foreign ones as well. It does good service in the Republican cause when it prints such an excellent carto[on] showing the Tammany tiger on top of the Democratic mule, being ridden by the clever Senator, David B. Hill, of New York. This week's issue illustrates the magnificent hotels building on Fifty-Fifth Avenue, New York, a stag hunt in the Ninth Street and ry entitled "A Comm[on]place History," a spirited scene and gives a picture of the negroes on their way to Liberia who were stranded in New York. But the most interesting thing in the paper is the contribution by Captain R. Kelso Carter on the coming transformation of the earth, written in a popular style the first of a series to be presented, which will be interesting alike to clergymen and laymen. Price, ten cents.

Died a Little Too Suddenly.

Columbus, O., March 6.—Jacob Pfeifer, an old and respected citizen, died last night under peculiar circumstances. He complained of being ill last evening and sent for an attorney and made his will. He gave one house adjoining the one in which he lives to William Kahle and wife. It is valued at $6,000. He had worthy relatives all about him and several children. He was found dead in his room later.

The circumstances are suspicious, and an investigation is being made. It is thought a charge of murder may be developed. The parties suspected are under surveillance, but no arrests have been made. Kahle and wife keep a saloon.

The editors of the Beaver Star, who are now in jail for having uttered a libel against Senator Matthew Stanley Quay, are making the best of a bad thing. They claim that their paper has a larger circulation than ever before, and their acknowledgments of cigars, cakes and other luxuries indicate that their friends are keeping them in lively remembrance. Their chief hardship is their inability to fill their usual places in church at the Sabbath services.

BRANDON—PATTERSON.

The Popular Proprietor of the Brockerhoff House Wedded This Morning.

There was quite a ripple of excitement created in social circles this morning when it was announced that Mr. George B. Brandon, the popular proprietor of the Brockerhoff House, was married at half-past eight o'clock to Mrs. Lucy E Patterson, daughter of Mr. John Shank, of South Allegheny street, the ceremony taking place at the home of the bride's parents and being performed by Rev. Dr. Laurie, of the Presbyterian church.

Just how Mr. Brandon managed to keep his contemplated launching on to the sea of matrimony so quiet is hard to tell, but one thing is certain, he succeeded admirably as no one outside of the parties interested and a few immediate friends knew anything about it. The happy couple departed on the 9.32 train for a brief tour to eastern cities. Mr. Brandon is too well known to need any eulogny from us and the lady he wedded is said to be well fitted to be the life partner of any man. Congratulations.

Wonder If It's So.

The Johnstown Tribune speake with apparent inside knowledge, as follows:

"An effort will be made to have the Legislature make a new county out of portions of Huntingdon, Blair and Centre counties, with Tyrone as the county seat. Those who are advocating it say that they have to go through Tyrone to reach the county seat of either of the counties. The opposition to it will come from those parts of the old counties that will not be included in the new. It is not expected that Huntingdon county will be willing to lose three of her wealthiest and most fertile and populous townships nor that Blair and Centre will be satisfied to have many of their heaviest taxpayers taken from them."

The formation of the new county alluded to is warmly advocated by Sergeant-at-Arms George G. Hutchison, of Warriorsmark.

That Shooting Affair.

On Wednesday we made mention of a shooting affair which took place at Julian, this county. It now appears that the young man who did the shooting was Elmer Henderson, a son of excommissioner John C. Henderson, and that his target was one Morgan Richards. The whole affair was the result of an altercation over some young lady and it now looks as if young Henderson may have some trouble before he gets out of the scrape. Before he pulled the trigger of his pop-gun Elmer should have considered that the Centre county court is very severely opposed to promiscuous shooting and that the consequence of his rash act might be anything but agreeable.

Spring Mills Items.

Mr. Wm. Finkle, spent the latter part of last week in Mifflin Co., visiting his parents.

Miss Linnie Leitzel, left on Monday evening for Altoona. She expects to be absent several weeks.

Frank Runkle, of Centre Hill, was seen on our streets on Monday.

Miss Laura Runkle, is on the sick list.

Mr. John Horner, left for Hastings Cambria Co., on Monday. The family will follow in a few days.

Scott Decker and Oren Jamison, left on Monday morning for Freeport, Ill.

Greeg for President.

From the Reading Times.

With the state of Pennsylvania as an aspirant for the presidental nomination there would be no difficulty in rallying the united support of her delegation to the Minneapolis convention upon Gen. D. McM. Gregg, while with him as its leader the Republican party would go into the battle with confident assurance of triumph.

Knitters Wanted.

Girls wanted to knit at the Milroy Woolen Mill. Wages, while learning, somewhat more than cost of boarding. When learned girls can make very good wages by the piece. Apply in person or by letter with testimonials of character to

Thompson Brothers,
Milroy, Pa.

m 10-tf.

—We acknowledge receipt of an invitation from our young friend Dentist W. S. Harter, to attend the graduation exercises of the Chicago College of Dentistry, which takes place to-morrow. Mr. Harter, we are glad to say stands well up in a class numbering almost one hundred.

A MAMMOTH BUSINESS.

Figures Presented to Congress by the Association of Lumbermen.

The report of the lumbermen's committee, which went to Washington last week to ask congress to increase the tariff on lumber to $2 per 1,000 feet instead of taking the tariff off entirely, says:

"The lumber industry of the United States is the largest single manufacturing industry of the country, representing an investment of capital of not less than $750,000,000, and furnishing the means of livelihood to at least 3,000,000 of our people. In this connection it is proper to invite your intention to the fact that all official statistics heretofore published have simply comprehended the manufacture of lumber by milling establishments only, the cutting of the trees and transportation to the mills never having been included.

"The total manufactured products of the saw mills of the country amount in the aggregate to at least $500,000,000 annually, equal in value to the total products of all the mines in the country, including gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal and all other minerals. The lumber industry, not being confined to one section of the country, cannot be combined in the form of trusts against the interests of the consumer. By the reference to it is proposed to improve the favorable conditions under which the Canadian manufacturer is enabled to compete with us in the markets of the world.

"The summing up of this whole case presents the question. "Shall the forest resources of Canada and British Columbia be developed, while those of our own country (the Pacific and Southern states in particular) lie dormant: shall this vast industry in our country enjoy to a limited extent the protection which the present duty affords?" and the question in its entire breadth also presents the fact that the bill against which we now protest proposes to open the entire northern boundry of the United States, from sea to sea, to the forest products of the British possessions in North America ignoring the extensive interests not only of our resources along our middle and eastern border now being operated, but crippling the vast interests of the Pacific slope and rich forests covering a vast area of our southern states, the influence of which is awakening the most serious apprehensions of thousands who have invested their all in purchasing this stumpage from the same government through which it is now proposed to discriminate so unjustly against them, and to the irreparable injury of hundreds of thousands of laborers holding allegiance to the United States government and giving preference to foreign labor and capital that contributes nothing to our institutions or country's wealth."

How to be Pretty.

The young woman who wants to be beautiful may have her most ardent desires in that direction gratified by following a few rules. She must avoid all powders, ointment and washes which claim to be producers of beauty, but which are either worthless or dangerous. She must give her lungs a fair chance and that this may be so must avoid tight lacing. She must avoid late hours and unwholesome food, rising and retiring at regular hours and eating plain food and not too much of it. She must take a good deal of exercise, most of it in the performance of household duties. She must ever maintain a cheerful, pleasant humor and cultivate an obliging disposition. The girl who does these things will be beautiful in the eyes of all who are acquainted with her and she is also likely to be as happy as she is beautiful.

Killed on the Railroad.

On Tuesday afternoon about 1:50 o'clock an unknown young man who was riding east on a freight train, fell off near Warrior-ridge station, and got under the wheels, which ran over his head, cutting it off above the eyes. His right hand was also cut off and left arm broken. Death was instantaneous. His remains were brought to the morgue in this place, and prepared for burial.

The deceased was aged about 35 years and was pretty well clad. He had in his pockets a knife, 95 cents and a small bundle of wire for electric battery, which led to the belief that he had been employed as a quarryman at one of the quarries near Birmingham. *Huntingdon News.*

LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the Bellefonte post-office March 7 1892.

Mrs. Ellen M. Cowher, Mrs. Maud[illegible]
M. R. Michall, Anna Waken, Gelt[illegible]
erson, Ella Sanders, George F. [illegible]
Jim Walker.

J. A. Fiedler, P. M.

When called for please say advertised.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE